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<b>(54) Title:</b> NOVEL PEPTIDES			
<b>(57) Abstract</b>  Oligopeptides which comprise amino acid sequences that are recognized and proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen (PSA) are described. Also described are assays which comprise such oligopeptides useful for determining free PSA protease activity <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i> . Therapeutic agents which comprise conjugates of such oligopeptides and known cytotoxic agents are also described.			

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**TITLE OF THE INVENTION**  
**NOVEL PEPTIDES**

**RELATED APPLICATION**

5           The present patent application is a Continuation-in-Part application of copending application Serial No. 08/404,833, filed March 15, 1995, which itself is a Continuation-in-Part application of copending application Serial No. 08/267,092, filed June 28, 1994.

10       **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

          In 1994 cancer of the prostate gland is expected to be diagnosed in 200,000 men in the U.S. and 38,000 American males will die from this disease (Garnick, M.B. (1994). The Dilemmas of Prostate Cancer. Scientific American, April:72-81). Thus, prostate cancer is the  
15       most frequently diagnosed malignancy (other than that of the skin) in U.S. men and the second leading cause of cancer-related deaths (behind lung cancer) in that group.

          Prostate specific Antigen (PSA) is a single chain 33 kDa glycoprotein that is produced almost exclusively by the human prostate  
20       epithelium and occurs at levels of 0.5 to 2.0 mg/ml in human seminal fluid (Nadji, M., Taber, S.Z., Castro, A., et al. (1981) Cancer 48:1229; Papsidero, L., Kuriyama, M., Wang, M., et al. (1981). JNCI 66:37; Qui, S.D., Young, C.Y.F., Bihartz, D.L., et al. (1990), J. Urol. 144:1550; Wang, M.C., Valenzuela, L.A., Murphy, G.P., et al. (1979).  
25       Invest. Urol. 17:159). The single carbohydrate unit is attached at asparagine residue number 45 and accounts for 2 to 3 kDa of the total molecular mass. PSA is a protease with chymotrypsin-like specificity (Christensson, A., Laurell, C.B., Lilja, H. (1990). Eur. J. Biochem. 194:755-763). It has been shown that PSA is mainly responsible for  
30       dissolution of the gel structure formed at ejaculation by proteolysis of the major proteins in the sperm entrapping gel, Semenogelin I and Semenogelin II, and fibronectin (Lilja, H. (1985). J. Clin. Invest. 76:1899; Lilja, H., Oldbring, J., Rannevik, G., et al. (1987). J. Clin. Invest. 80:281; McGee, R.S., Herr, J.C. (1988). Biol. Reprod. 39:499).

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The PSA mediated proteolysis of the gel-forming proteins generates several soluble Semenogelin I and Semenogelin II fragments and soluble fibronectin fragments with liquefaction of the ejaculate and release of progressively motile spermatozoa (Lilja, H., Laurell, C.B. (1984). Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Invest. 44:447; McGee, R.S., Herr, J.C. (1987). Biol. Reprod. 37:431). Furthermore, PSA may proteolytically degrade IGFBP-3 (insulin-like growth factor binding protein 3) allowing IGF to stimulate specifically the growth of PSA secreting cells (Cohen et al., (1992) J. Clin. Endo. & Meta. 75:1046-1053).

PSA complexed to alpha 1 - antichymotrypsin is the predominant molecular form of serum PSA and may account for up to 95% of the detected serum PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625; Stenman, U.H., Leinoven, J., Alfthan, H., et al. (1991). Cancer Res. 51:222-226). The prostatic tissue (normal, benign hyperplastic, or malignant tissue) is implicated to predominantly release the mature, enzymatically active form of PSA, as this form is required for complex formation with alpha 1 - antichymotrypsin (Mast, A.E., Enghild, J.J., Pizzo, S.V., et al. (1991). Biochemistry 30:1723-1730; Perlmutter, D.H., Glover, G.I., Rivetna, M., et al. (1990). Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:3753-3757). Therefore, in the microenvironment of prostatic PSA secreting cells the PSA is believed to be processed and secreted in its mature enzymatically active form not complexed to any inhibitory molecule. PSA also forms stable complexes with alpha 2 - macroglobulin, but as this results in encapsulation of PSA and complete loss of the PSA epitopes, the in vivo significance of this complex formation is unclear. A free, noncomplexed form of PSA constitutes a minor fraction of the serum PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625). The size of this form of serum PSA is similar to that of PSA in seminal fluid (Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625) but it is yet unknown as to whether the free form of serum PSA may be a zymogen; an internally cleaved, inactive

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form of mature PSA; or PSA manifesting enzyme activity. However, it seems unlikely that the free form of serum PSA manifests enzyme activity, since there is considerable (100 to 1000 fold) molar excess of both unreacted alpha 1 - antichymotrypsin and alpha 2 - macroglobulin in serum as compared with the detected serum levels of the free 33 kDa form of PSA (Christensson, A., Björk, T., Nilsson, O., et al. (1993). J. Urol. 150:100-105; Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625).

Serum measurements of PSA are useful for monitoring the treatment of adenocarcinoma of the prostate (Duffy, M.S. (1989). Ann. Clin. Biochem. 26:379-387; Brawer, M.K. and Lange, P.H. (1989). Urol. Suppl. 5:11-16; Hara, M. and Kimura, H. (1989). J. Lab. Clin. Med. 113:541-548), although above normal serum concentrations of PSA have also been reported in benign prostatic hyperplasia and subsequent to surgical trauma of the prostate (Lilja, H., Christensson, A., Dahlén, U. (1991). Clin. Chem. 37:1618-1625). Prostate metastases are also known to secrete immunologically reactive PSA since serum PSA is detectable at high levels in prostatectomized patients showing widespread metastatic prostate cancer (Ford, T.F., Butcher, D.N., Masters, R.W., et al. (1985). Brit. J. Urology 57:50-55). Therefore, a cytotoxic compound that could be activated by the proteolytic activity of PSA should be prostate cell specific as well as specific for PSA secreting prostate metastases.

Accordingly, it is the object of this invention to provide novel oligopeptides which selectively are enzymatically cleaved by active free prostate specific antigen (PSA).

It is also the object of this invention to provide a quantitative assay for enzymatically active PSA which incorporates those novel oligopeptides.

It is further the object of this invention to provide a novel anti-cancer composition useful for the treatment of prostate cancer which comprises those novel oligopeptides in conjugation with a cytotoxic agent.

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Another object of this invention is to provide a method of treating prostate cancer which comprises administration of novel anti-cancer composition.

## 5     SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The several points of cleavage where semenogelin I is selectively proteolytically cleaved by free PSA have been identified. Oligopeptides which comprise the amino acid sequences that are  
10     recognized and proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen (PSA) are described. Such oligopeptides are useful in assays which can determine the free PSA protease activity in vitro and in vivo. Furthermore, such oligopeptides may be incorporated into therapeutic agents which comprise conjugates of such oligopeptides and known  
15     cytotoxic agents and which are useful in the treatment of prostatic cancer.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

20     FIGURES 1a and 1b: *Primary Amino Acid Sequence of Semenogelin I:* The primary amino acid sequence of Semenogelin I is shown. (SEQ.ID.NO.: 1) The PSA proteolytic cleavage sites ("CS") are shown (numbered in order of the relative affinity of a site towards PSA hydrolysis) and the protein fragments are numbered sequentially starting  
25     at the amino terminus.

FIGURE 2: *Cleavage Affinity of Synthetic Oligopeptides:* A nested set of synthetic oligopeptides was prepared and the oligopeptides were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for various times. The results are shown in Table 2. ND = not determined.  
30     The single letter code for amino acids is used: A=Ala, E=Glu, G=Gly, H=His, I=Ile, K=Lys, L=Leu, N=Asn, Q=Gln, R=Arg, S=Ser, T=Thr, Y=Tyr.

FIGURES 3a and 3b: *Cleavage Affinity of Synthetic Oligopeptides:*

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Synthetic oligopeptides were prepared and the oligopeptides were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for four (4) hours. The percentage of the oligopeptide that is cleaved in this period of time is listed. The results are shown in Table 4.

5

**FIGURE 4: Cytotoxicity Data of Non-cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:**

The data of the figure shows comparative cytotoxicity of doxorubicin and a conjugate of doxorubicin covalently bound to an oligopeptide (Compound 12d) that does not contain the free PSA proteolytic cleavage site. The IC<sub>50</sub> for doxorubicin is 0.3 $\mu$ M, while the acetylated oligopeptide modified doxorubicin has an IC<sub>50</sub> that has been reduced by greater than 300 fold. This conjugate had no HPLC detectable contamination with unmodified doxorubicin. The oligopeptide alone had no detectable cell killing activity.

10

15

**FIGURE 5: Cleavage Affinity of Oligopeptides in Conjugation with Doxorubicin by Free PSA In Vitro:**

Oligopeptides-doxorubicin conjugates were prepared and the conjugates were digested with enzymatically active free PSA for four (4) hours. The percentage conjugate that is enzymatically cleaved in the oligopeptide in this period of time is listed. The results are shown in Table 5.

20

25

**FIGURE 6: Cleavage Affinity of Oligopeptides in Conjugation with Doxorubicin in Cell Conditioned Media:**

Oligopeptides-doxorubicin conjugates were reacted for four (4) hours with cell culture media that had been conditioned by exposure to LNCaP cells (which are known to secrete free PSA) or DuPRO cell (which do not secrete free PSA). The percentage conjugate that is enzymatically cleaved in the oligopeptide in this period of time is listed. The results are shown in Table 6.

30

**FIGURE 7: Cytotoxicity Data of Cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:**

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The data in Table 7 shows cytotoxicity (as IC<sub>50</sub>) of conjugates of doxorubicin covalently bound to an oligopeptide that contain a free PSA proteolytic cleavage site against a cancer cell line that is known to secrete free PSA. Also shown for selected conjugates is the cytotoxicity of the conjugate against a cell line (DuPRO) which does not secrete free PSA.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to novel oligopeptides which are specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and are capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen. Such oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence selected from:

- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
- g) SerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129);
- h) LysTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140); and
- i) hArgTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Xaa is any natural amino acid.



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In an embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

- 5 a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),
- b) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 130),
- 10 c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 17),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 18),
- e) LysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 19),
- 15 f) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrIleSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- g) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrIleSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 5),
- 20 h) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 131),
- i) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnIleSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 132),
- 25 j) SerTyrGlnIleSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 133),
- k) SerTyrGlnIleSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 134),
- 30 l) LysTyrGlnIleSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 142),
- m) hArgTyrGlnIleSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 143), and
- n) SerTyrGlnIleSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 135).

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In a more preferred embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

5

a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 10),

b) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 136),

10

c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 3 ),

d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),

15

e) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrIleSerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),

f) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 137),

20

g) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 138),

h) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnIleSerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 139),

i) AlaSerTyrGlnIleSerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94).

25

In a further embodiment of the instant invention, the oligopeptides include oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence that is selected from:

30

a) GlyArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSerSerSerThrGluGluArgArgLeuHisTyr GlyGluAsnGly (SEQ.ID.NO.: 6).

The phrase "oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence" as used hereinabove, and elsewhere in the Detailed Description of the Invention, describes oligomers of from about 6 to

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about 100 amino acids residues which include in their amino acid sequence the specific amino acid sequence described and which are therefore proteolytically cleaved within the amino acid sequence described by free PSA. Thus, for example, the following oligomer:

5 GlnLeuAspAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrHisGlnSerSer  
(SEQ.ID.NO.: 20)

comprises the amino acid sequence:

AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.:10) and would  
10 therefore come within the instant invention. It is understood that such  
oligomers do not include semenogelin I and semenogelin II.

It is also understood that the instant invention includes oligomers wherein the N-terminus amino acid or the C-terminus amino acid, or both terminus amino acids are modified. Such modifications include, but are not limited to, acylation of the amine group at the N-terminus and formation of an amide to replace the carboxylic acid at the  
15 C-terminus. Addition of such moieties may be performed during solid-phase synthesis of the oligomer; thus, attachment of the C-terminus amino acid to a solid phase resin may be through an amine which results in an amide moiety upon acidic cleavage of the oligomer from the resin.  
20 Thus the following compounds are considered "oligomers that comprise an amino acid sequence" as used hereinabove and are meant to be illustrative and are not limiting:

25 AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)

Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThrLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 73)  
30 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 74)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 75)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerGlnThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 78)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerAlaLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.:79)  
Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 81)

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- Ac-AlaAsnLysSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 82)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 84)  
 5 Ac-AlaAsnGluIleSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 85)  
 Ac-AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16)  
 Ac-LysIleSerTyrGlnlSerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 86)  
 Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 87)  
 Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 89)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 92)  
 10 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 93)  
 Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94)  
 Ac-AlaAsnSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 95)  
 Ac-AlaSerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 96)  
 Ac-SerTyrGlnlSerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 97)  
 15 Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnlSerAlaSerCys-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 98)

A person of ordinary skill in the peptide chemistry art would readily appreciate that certain amino acids in a biologically active oligopeptide may be replaced by other homologous, isosteric and/or  
 20 isoelectronic amino acids wherein the biological activity of the original oligopeptide has been conserved in the modified oligopeptide. The following list of amino acid replacements is meant to be illustrative and is not limiting:

25	<u>Original Amino Acid</u>	<u>Replacement Amino Acid(s)</u>
	Ala	Gly
	Arg	Lys, Ornithine
	Asn	Gln
	Asp	Glu
30	Glu	Asp
	Gln	Asn
	Gly	Ala
	Ile	Val, Leu, Met, Nle
	Leu	Ile, Val, Met, Nle

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	Lys	Arg, Ornithine
	Met	Leu, Ile, Nle, Val
	Ornithine	Lys, Arg
5	Phe	Tyr, Trp
	Ser	Thr
	Thr	Ser
	Trp	Phe, Tyr
	Tyr	Phe, Trp
10	Val	Leu, Ile, Met, Nle

Thus, for example, the following oligopeptides may be synthesized by techniques well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art and would be expected to be proteolytically cleaved by free PSA:

- 15 AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 21)  
 AsnLysValSerTyrGlnSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 22)  
 AsnLysMetSerTyrGlnSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 23)  
 AsnLysLeuSerTyrGlnSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 24)  
 20 AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 25)  
 AsnLysIleSerPheGlnSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 26)  
 AsnLysIleSerTrpGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 27)  
 AsnLysIleSerTyrAsnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 28)  
 AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 29)  
 25 AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 30)  
 GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 31)  
 AsnArgIleThrTyrGlnSerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 32)  
 AsnArgIleSerPheGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 33)  
 AsnArgIleSerTrpGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 35)  
 30 AsnArgIleSerTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 36)  
 AsnLysIleThrTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 37)  
 AsnLysLeuSerTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 38)  
 GlnLysLeuSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 39)  
 AsnArgLeuSerTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 40)  
 AsnLysValSerPheGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 41)

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AsnArgValSerTrpGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 42)  
 GlnLysValSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 43)  
 GlnLysIleSerTyrGlnThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 34)  
 AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnSerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 44)

5

Similarly, the following oligopeptides may be synthesized by techniques well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art and would be expected to be proteolytically cleaved by free PSA:

10 GlyGluGlnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 45),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyLeuGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 47),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValAsnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 15 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 48),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnArgAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 49),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnLysSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 50),  
 20 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspLeuSerGlnThrSerIleTyrSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 51),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIlePheSerGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 52),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspMetSerGlnSerSerIleTyrThrGlnThrGlu  
 25 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 53),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrThrGlnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 54),  
 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrSerGlnSerGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 55),  
 30 GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrSerAsnThrGlu  
 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 56),  
 GlyLysAlaIleSerSerGlnTyrSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 57),

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GlyArgGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 59),  
 GlyLysGlyIleThrSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 60),  
 5 GlyLysGlyIleSerThrGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 61),  
 GlyLysGlyIleSerSerAsnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 62),  
 10 AlaLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 63),  
 GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnPhe|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 64),  
 GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|ThrAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 65),  
 15 GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnSerGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 58), and  
 GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrAspGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.:  
 46);  
 and the like.

20           The inclusion of the symbol "|" within an amino acid  
 sequence indicates the point within that sequence where the oligopeptide  
 is proteolytically cleaved by free PSA.

25           The invention also concerns a method for assaying  
 proteolytic free PSA activity in a composition. This is an important  
 aspect of the invention in that such an assay system provides one with the  
 ability to measure quantitatively the amount of free PSA present in  
 certain physiological fluids and tissues. Such an assay will also provide  
 not only the ability to follow isolation and purification of free PSA, but  
 also is a basis for a screening assay for inhibitors of the proteolytic  
 30 activity of free PSA. The assay method generally includes simply  
 determining the ability of a composition suspected of containing  
 enzymatically active free PSA to proteolytically cleave the oligopeptide.

Typically, the assay protocol is carried out using one of the  
 oligopeptides described hereinabove. However, one may find a particular

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benefit in construction of an assay wherein the oligopeptide containing the cleavage site is labeled so that one can measure the appearance of such a label, for example, a radioactive label, in both the uncleaved oligopeptide and the portion of the oligopeptide remaining after cleavage which contains the label.

The instant invention further relates to a method for identifying compounds (hereinafter referred to as candidate compounds) that will inhibit the proteolytic activity of free PSA. It is contemplated that this screening technique will prove useful in the general identification of any candidate compound that will serve such as an inhibitory purpose, whether or not the candidate compound is proteinaceous or peptidyl in structure.

Thus, the present invention is also directed to a method for determining the ability of a test substance to inhibit the proteolytic activity of free PSA, the method which comprises:

- (a) reacting a substrate, wherein the substrate comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, with free prostate specific antigen in the presence of a test substance; and
- (b) detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved, in which the ability of the test substance to inhibit proteolytic activity of prostate specific antigen is indicated by a decrease in the cleavage of the substrate as compared to the cleavage of the substrate in the absence of the test substance.

The candidate screening assay is quite simple to set up and perform, and is related in many ways to the assay discussed above for determining proteolytic activity. Thus, after obtaining a relatively purified preparation of free PSA, one will desire to simply admix a test substance with the proteolytic preparation, preferably under conditions which would allow the PSA to perform its cleavage function but for



- 15 -

inclusion of a inhibitory substance. Thus, for example, one will typically desire to include within the admixture an amount of a known oligopeptide having a PSA specific cleavage site, such as those oligopeptides described hereinabove. In this fashion, one can measure the ability of the test substance to reduce cleavage of the oligopeptide relatively in the presence of the test substance.

Accordingly, one will desire to measure or otherwise determine the activity of the free PSA in the absence of the added test substance relative to the activity in the presence of the test substance in order to assess the relative inhibitory capability of the test substance.

The instant invention also relates to novel anti-cancer compositions useful for the treatment of prostate cancer. Such compositions comprise the oligopeptides of the instant invention covalently bonded directly, or through a chemical linker, to a cytotoxic agent. Such a combination of an oligopeptide and cytotoxic agent may be termed a conjugate. Ideally, the cytotoxic activity of the cytotoxic agent is greatly reduced or absent when the oligopeptide containing the PSA proteolytic cleavage site is bonded directly, or through a chemical linker, to the cytotoxic agent and is intact. Also ideally, the cytotoxic activity of the cytotoxic agent increases significantly or returns to the activity of the unmodified cytotoxic agent upon proteolytic cleavage of the attached oligopeptide at the cleavage site. While it is not necessary for practicing this aspect of the invention, the most preferred embodiment of this aspect of the invention is a conjugate wherein the oligopeptide, and the chemical linker if present, are detached from the cytotoxic agent by the proteolytic activity of the free PSA and any other native proteolytic enzymes present in the tissue proximity, thereby releasing unmodified cytotoxic agent into the physiological environment at the place of proteolytic cleavage.

It is understood that the oligopeptide of the instant invention that is conjugated to the cytotoxic agent, whether through a direct covalent bond or through a chemical linker, does not need to be the oligopeptide that has the greatest recognition by free PSA and is most readily proteolytically cleaved by free PSA. Thus, the oligopeptide that

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is selected for incorporation in such an anti-cancer composition will be chosen both for its selective, proteolytic cleavage by free PSA and for the cytotoxic activity of the cytotoxic agent-proteolytic residue conjugate (or, in what is felt to be an ideal situation, the unmodified cytotoxic agent) which results from such a cleavage.

Because the conjugates of the invention can be used for modifying a given biological response, cytotoxic agent is not to be construed as limited to classical chemical therapeutic agents. For example, the cytotoxic agent may be a protein or polypeptide possessing a desired biological activity. Such proteins may include, for example, a toxin such as abrin, ricin A, pseudomonas exotoxin, or diphtheria toxin; a protein such as tumor necrosis factor,  $\alpha$ -interferon,  $\beta$ -interferon, nerve growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, tissue plasminogen activator; or, biological response modifiers such as, for example, lymphokines, interleukin-1 ("IL-1"), interleukin-2 ("IL-2"), interleukin-6 ("IL-6"), granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor ("GM-CSF"), granulocyte colony stimulating factor ("G-CSF"), or other growth factors.

The preferred cytotoxic agents include, in general, alkylating agents, antiproliferative agents, tubulin binding agents and the like. Preferred classes of cytotoxic agents include, for example, the anthracycline family of drugs, the vinca drugs, the mitomycins, the bleomycins, the cytotoxic nucleosides, the pteridine family of drugs, diynenes, and the podophyllotoxins. Particularly useful members of those classes include, for example, doxorubicin, carminomycin, daunorubicin, aminopterin, methotrexate, methopterin, dichloromethotrexate, mitomycin C, porfiromycin, 5-fluorouracil, 6-mercaptopurine, cytosine arabinoside, podophyllotoxin, or podophyllotoxin derivatives such as etoposide or etoposide phosphate, melphalan, vinblastine, vincristine, leurosine, vindesine, leurosine and the like. Other useful cytotoxic agents include estramustine, cisplatin and cyclophosphamide. One skilled in the art may make chemical modifications to the desired compound in order to make reactions of that

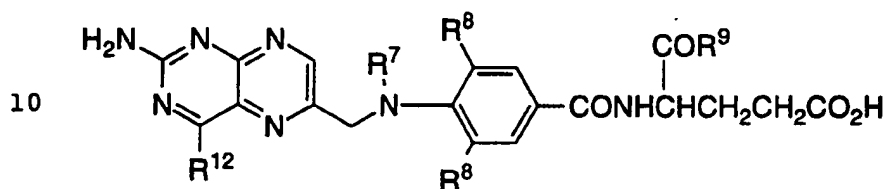
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compound more convenient for purposes of preparing conjugates of the invention.

A highly preferred group of cytotoxic agents for the present invention include drugs of the following formulae:

5

THE METHOTREXATE GROUP OF FORMULA (1):



(1)

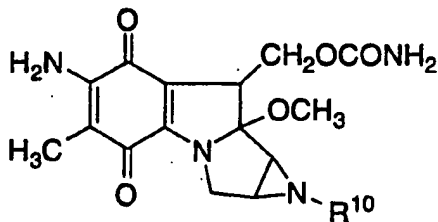
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in which

- R<sup>12</sup> is amino or hydroxy;  
 R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen or methyl;  
 20 R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo;  
 R<sup>9</sup> is hydroxy or a moiety which completes a salt of the  
 carboxylic acid;

THE MITOMYCIN GROUP OF FORMULA (2):

25



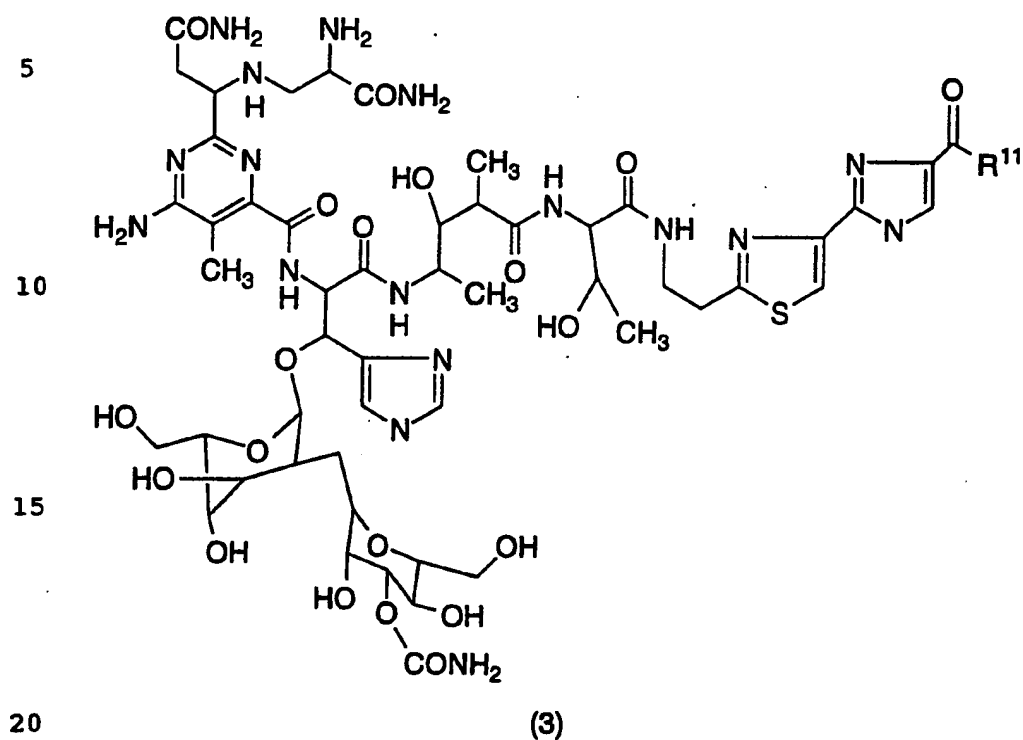
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(2)

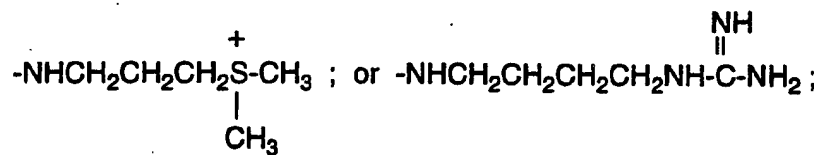
in which

- R<sup>10</sup> is hydrogen or methyl;

### THE BLEOMYCIN GROUP OF FORMULA (3)

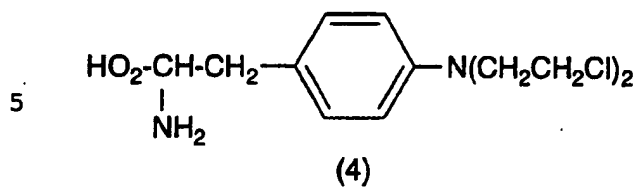
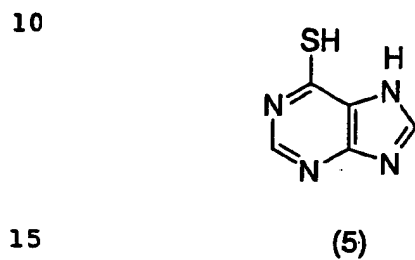
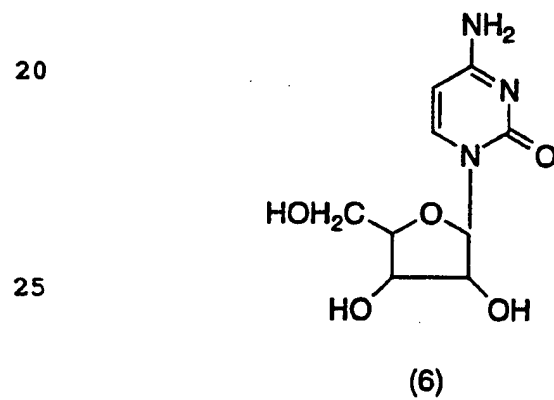


in which R<sup>11</sup> is hydroxy, amino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)amino, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> polymethylene amino,



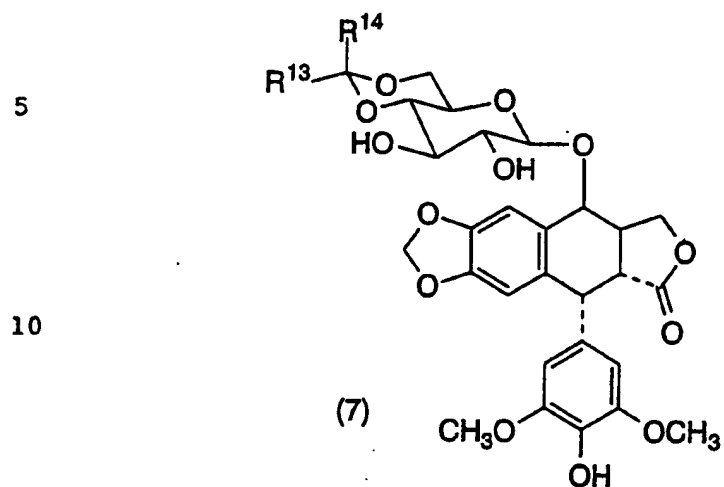
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MELPHALAN OF FORMULA (4):6-MERCAPTOPURINE OF FORMULA (5):A CYTOSINE ARABINOSIDE OF FORMULA (6):

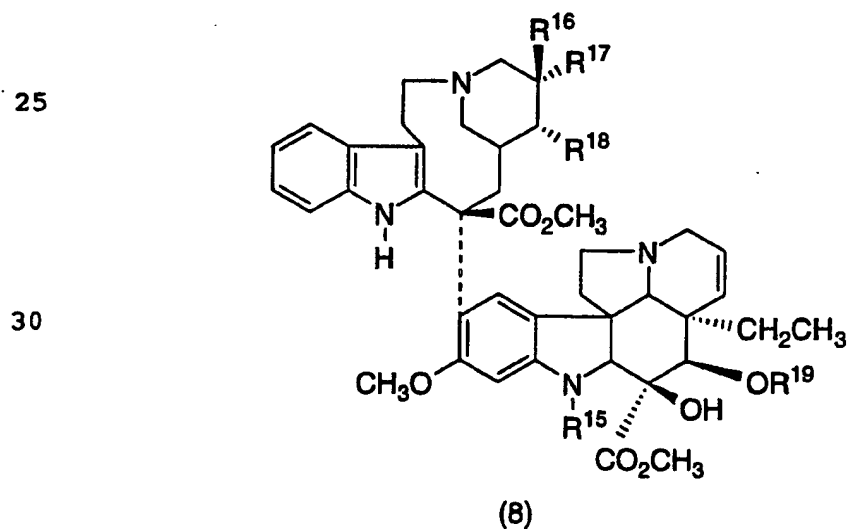
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THE PODOPHYLLOTOXINS OF FORMULA (7):

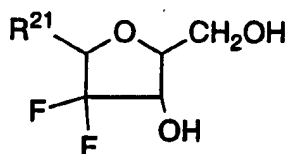
15 in which  
       R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen or methyl;  
       R<sup>14</sup> is methyl or thienyl;  
 or a phosphate salt thereof;

20 THE VINCA ALKALOID GROUP OF DRUGS OF FORMULA (8):



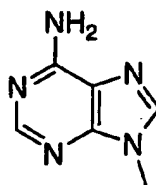
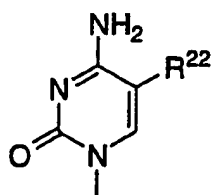
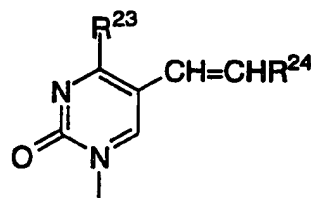
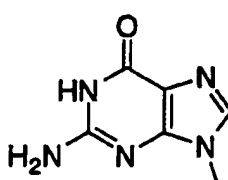
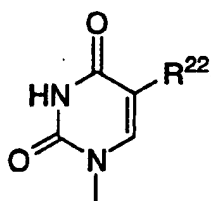
- 21 -

in which

R<sup>15</sup> is H, CH<sub>3</sub> or CHO; when R<sup>17</sup> and R<sup>18</sup> are taken singly;R<sup>18</sup> is H, and one of R<sup>16</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> is ethyl and the other is H or OH; when R<sup>17</sup> and R<sup>18</sup> are taken together with thecarbons to which they are attached, they form an oxirane ring in which case R<sup>16</sup> is ethyl;R<sup>19</sup> is hydrogen, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)-CO, or chlorosubstituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)-CO;DIFLUORONUCLEOSIDES OF FORMULA (9):

(9)

in which

R<sup>21</sup> is a base of one of the formulae:

in which

R<sup>22</sup> is hydrogen, methyl, bromo, fluoro, chloro or iodo;

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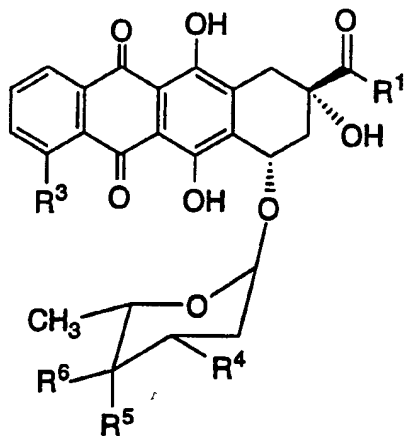
R<sup>23</sup> is -OH or -NH<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>24</sup> is hydrogen, bromo, chloro or iodo;  
or,

5

THE ANTHRACYCLINES ANTIBIOTICS OF FORMULA (10):

10



15

(10)

20

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, -CH<sub>2</sub>OCO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, or  
-CH<sub>2</sub>OCOCH(OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sup>3</sup> is -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -OH or -H;

25

R<sup>4</sup> is -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NHCOCF<sub>3</sub>, 4-morpholinyl, 3-cyano-4-  
morpholinyl, 1-piperidinyl, 4-methoxy-1-piperidinyl,  
benzylamine, dibenzylamine, cyanomethylamine, or 1-  
cyano-2-methoxyethyl amine;

R<sup>5</sup> is -OH -OTHP or -H; and

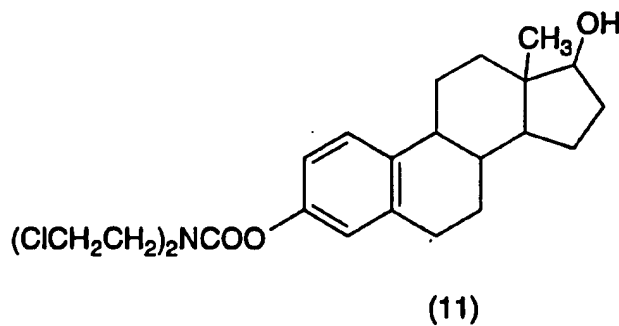
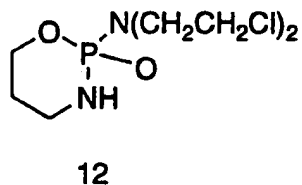
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R<sup>6</sup> is -OH or -H provided that

R<sup>6</sup> is not -OH when R<sup>5</sup> is -OH or -OTHP.



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ESTRAMUSTINE (11)CYCLOPHOSPHAMIDE (12)

The most highly preferred drugs are the anthracycline  
20 antibiotic agents of Formula (10), described previously. One skilled in  
the art understands that this structural formula includes compounds which  
are drugs, or are derivatives of drugs, which have acquired in the art  
different generic or trivial names. Table 1, which follows, represents a  
number of anthracycline drugs and their generic or trivial names and  
25 which are especially preferred for use in the present invention.

30

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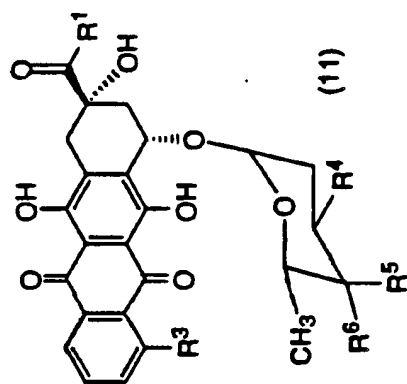
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Table I

20

25

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Compound	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>5</sub>	R <sub>6</sub>
daunorubicin <sup>a</sup>	CH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	H
doxorubicin <sup>b</sup>	CH <sub>2</sub> OH	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	H
detorubicin	CH <sub>2</sub> OCOCH(OC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	H
carminomycin	CH <sub>3</sub>	OH	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	H
idarubicin	CH <sub>3</sub>	H	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	H
epirubicin	CH <sub>2</sub> OH	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	OH	OH
esorubicin	CH <sub>2</sub> OH	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	H	H
THP	CH <sub>2</sub> OH	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>	OTHP	H
AD-32	CH <sub>2</sub> OCO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>	OCH <sub>3</sub>	NHCOCF <sub>3</sub>	OH	H

<sup>a</sup>"daunomycin" is an alternative name for daunorubicin

<sup>b</sup>"adriamycin" is an alternative name for doxorubicin

- 25 -

Of the compounds shown in Table 1, the most highly preferred drug is doxorubicin. Doxorubicin (also referred to herein as "DOX") is that anthracycline of Formula (10) in which R<sub>1</sub> is -CH<sub>2</sub>OH, R<sub>3</sub> is -OCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> is -NH<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> is -OH, and R<sub>6</sub> is -H.

5

The oligopeptides, peptide subunits and peptide derivatives (also termed "peptides") of the present invention can be synthesized from their constituent amino acids by conventional peptide synthesis techniques, preferably by solid-phase technology. The peptides are then purified by reverse-phase high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

10

Standard methods of peptide synthesis are disclosed, for example, in the following works: Schroeder *et al.*, "The Peptides", Vol. I, Academic Press 1965; Bodansky *et al.*, "Peptide Synthesis", Interscience Publishers, 1966; McOmie (ed.) "Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry", Plenum Press, 1973; Barany *et al.*, "The Peptides: Analysis, Synthesis, Biology" 2, Chapter 1, Academic Press, 1980, and Stewart *et al.*, "Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis", Second Edition, Pierce Chemical Company, 1984. The teachings of these works are hereby incorporated by reference.

15

20

The conjugates of the instant invention which comprise the oligopeptide containing the PSA cleavage site and a cytotoxic agent may similarly be synthesized by techniques well known in the medicinal chemistry art. For example, a free amine moiety on the cytotoxic agent may be covalently attached to the oligopeptide at the carboxyl terminus such that an amide bond is formed. Similarly, an amide bond may be formed by covalently coupling an amine moiety of the oligopeptide and a carboxyl moiety of the cytotoxic agent. For these purposes a reagent such as a combination of 2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (known as HBTU) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (known as HOBT), dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), N-ethyl-N-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide (EDC), diphenylphosphorylazide (DPPA), benzotriazol-1-yl-oxy-tris-

25

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- 26 -

(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate (BOP) and the like may be utilized.

Furthermore, the instant conjugate may be formed by a non-peptidyl bond between the PSA cleavage site and a cytotoxic agent. For example, the cytotoxic agent may be covalently attached to the carboxyl terminus of the oligopeptide via a hydroxyl moiety on the cytotoxic agent, thereby forming an ester linkage. For this purpose a reagent such as a combination of HBTU and HOBT, a combination of BOP and imidazole, a combination of DCC and DMAP, and the like may be utilized. The carboxylic acid may also be activated by forming the nitrophenyl ester or the like and reacted in the presence of DBU (1,8-diazabicyclo[5,4,0]undec-7-ene).

The instant conjugate may also be formed by attachment of the oligopeptide to the cytotoxic agent via a linker unit. Such linker units include, for example, a biscarbonyl alkyl diradical whereby an amine moiety on the cytotoxic agent is connected with the linker unit to form an amide bond and the amino terminus of the oligopeptide is connected with the other end of the linker unit also forming an amide bond. Other such linker units which are stable to the physiological environment when not in the presence of free PSA, but are cleavable upon the cleavage of the PSA proteolytic cleavage site, are also envisioned. Furthermore, linker units may be utilized that, upon cleavage of the PSA proteolytic cleavage site, remain attached to the cytotoxic agent but do not significantly decrease the cytotoxic activity of such a post-cleavage cytotoxic agent derivative when compared with an unmodified cytotoxic agent.

One skilled in the art understands that in the synthesis of compounds of the invention, one may need to protect or block various reactive functionalities on the starting compounds and intermediates while a desired reaction is carried out on other portions of the molecule. After the desired reactions are complete, or at any desired time, normally such protecting groups will be removed by, for example, hydrolytic or hydrogenolytic means. Such protection and deprotection steps are conventional in organic chemistry. One skilled in the art is referred to Protective Groups in Organic Chemistry, McOmie, ed., Plenum Press,

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NY, NY (1973); and, Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis, Greene, ed., John Wiley & Sons, NY, NY (1981) for the teaching of protective groups which may be useful in the preparation of compounds of the present invention.

5 By way of example only, useful amino-protecting groups may include, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkanoyl groups such as formyl, acetyl, dichloroacetyl, propionyl, hexanoyl, 3,3-diethylhexanoyl,  $\gamma$ -chlorobutryl, and the like; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkoxycarbonyl and C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>15</sub>  
10 aryloxycarbonyl groups such as tert-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, allyloxycarbonyl, 4-nitrobenzyloxycarbonyl, fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl and cinnamoyloxycarbonyl; halo-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>)-alkoxycarbonyl such as 2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonyl; and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> arylalkyl and alkenyl group such as benzyl, phenethyl, allyl, trityl, and the like. Other commonly  
15 used amino-protecting groups are those in the form of enamines prepared with  $\beta$ -keto-esters such as methyl or ethyl acetoacetate.

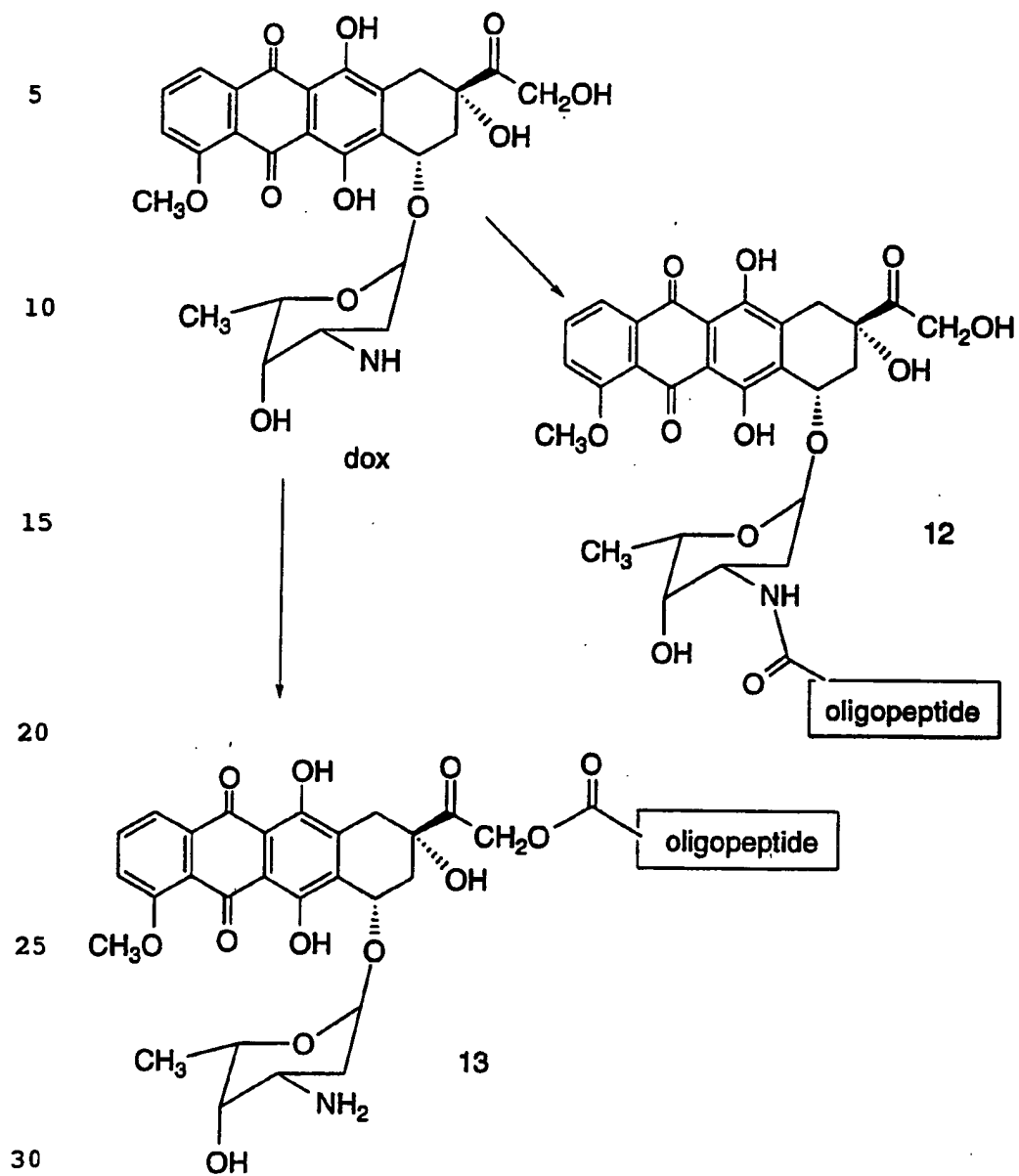
Useful carboxy-protecting groups may include, for example, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl groups such as methyl, tert-butyl, decyl; halo-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkyl such as 2,2,2-trichloroethyl, and 2-iodoethyl; C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> arylalkyl such as  
20 benzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 4-nitrobenzyl, triphenylmethyl, diphenylmethyl; C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkanoyloxymethyl such as acetoxymethyl, propionoxymethyl and the like; and groups such as phenacyl, 4-halophenacyl, allyl, dimethylallyl, tri-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> alkyl)silyl, such as trimethylsilyl,  $\beta$ -p-toluenesulfonylethyl,  $\beta$ -p-nitrophenyl-thioethyl, 2,4,6-  
25 trimethylbenzyl,  $\beta$ -methylthioethyl, phthalimidomethyl, 2,4-dinitrophenylsulphenyl, 2-nitrobenzhydryl and related groups.

Similarly, useful hydroxy protecting groups may include, for example, the formyl group, the chloroacetyl group, the benzyl group, the benzhydryl group, the trityl group, the 4-nitrobenzyl group, the  
30 trimethylsilyl group, the phenacyl group, the tert-butyl group, the methoxymethyl group, the tetrahydropyranyl group, and the like.

With respect to the preferred embodiment of an oligopeptide combined with the anthracycline antibiotic doxorubicin, the following Reaction Schemes illustrate the synthesis of the conjugates of the instant invention.

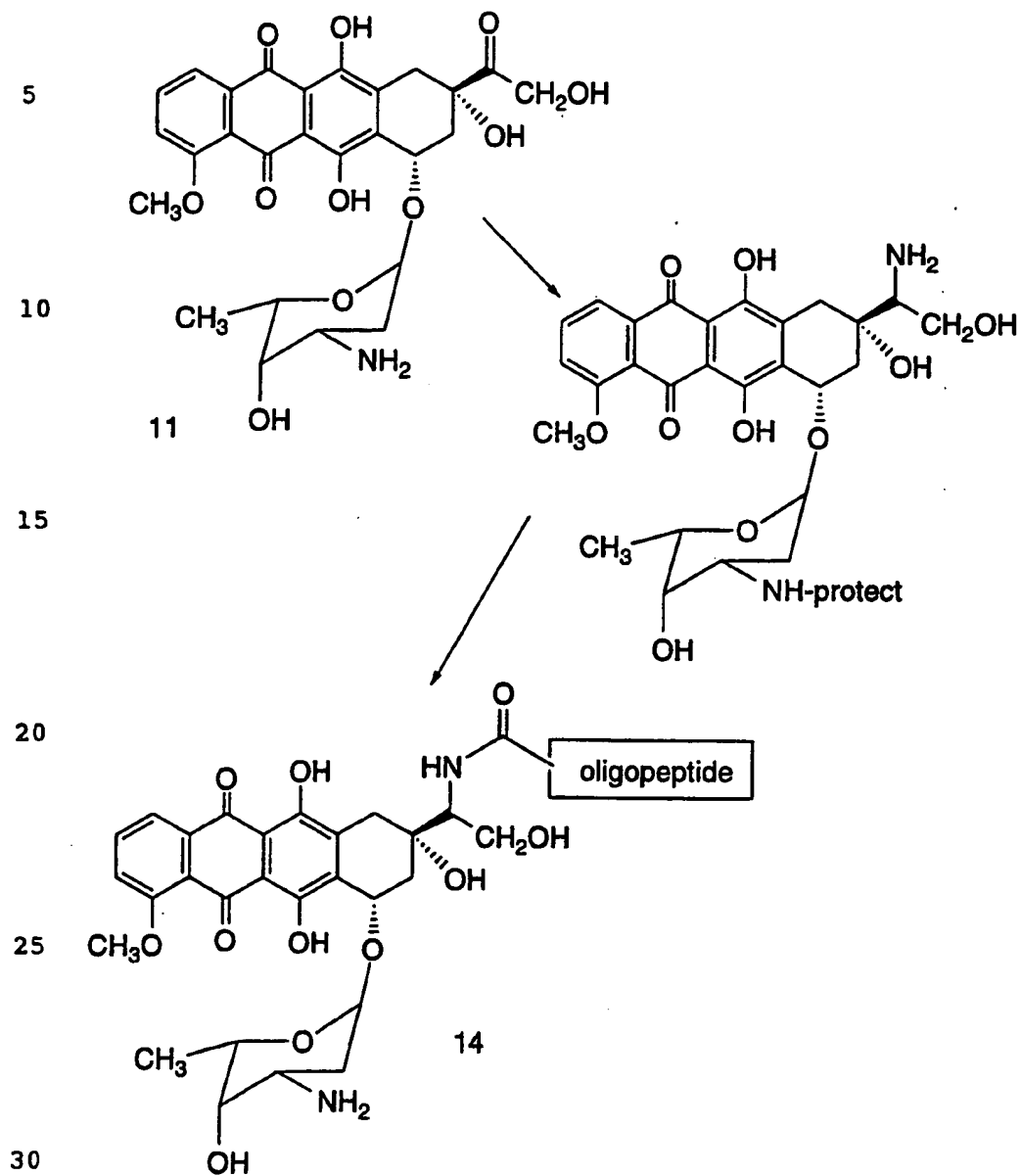
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## REACTION SCHEME I



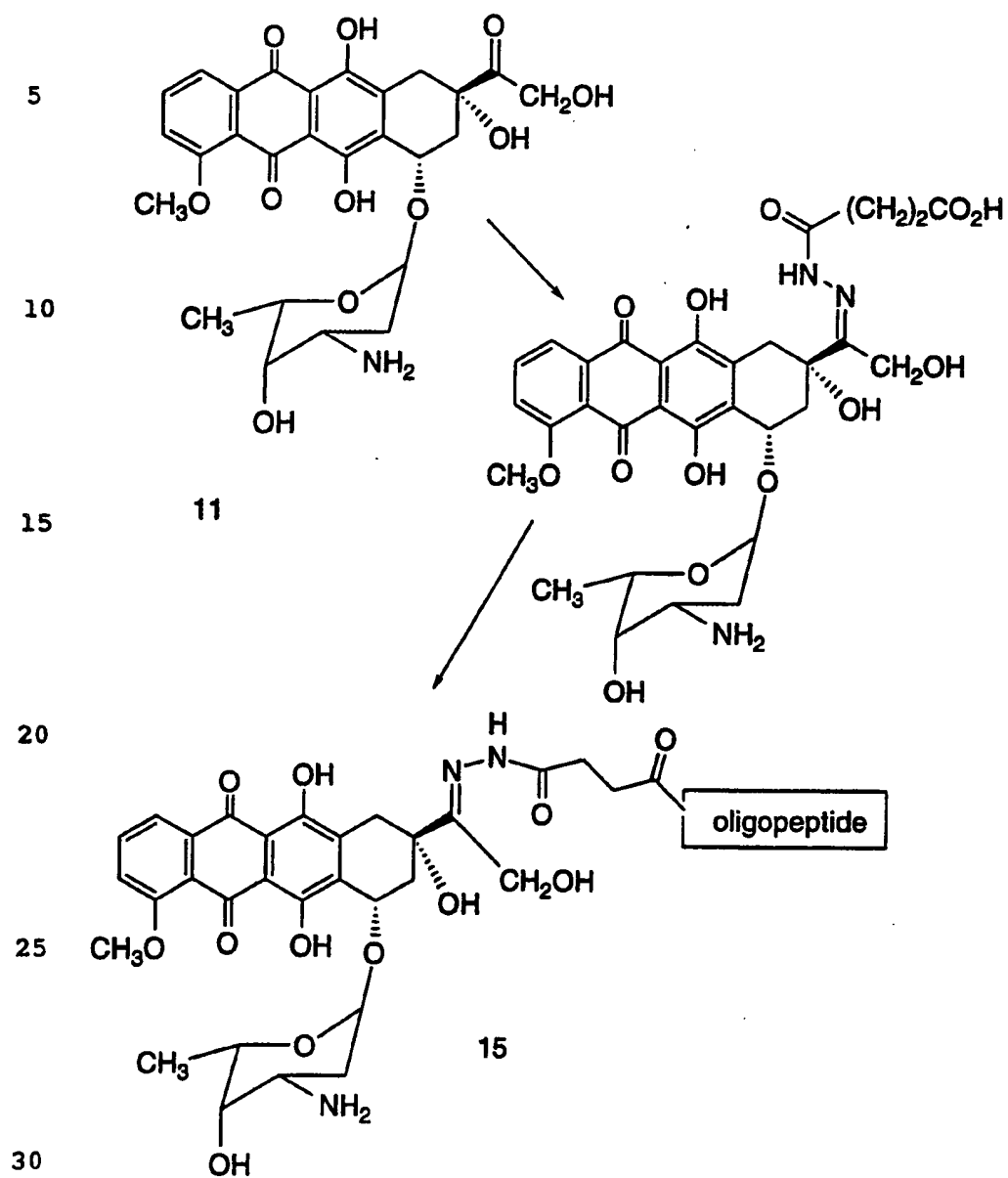
- 29 -

## REACTION SCHEME II



- 30 -

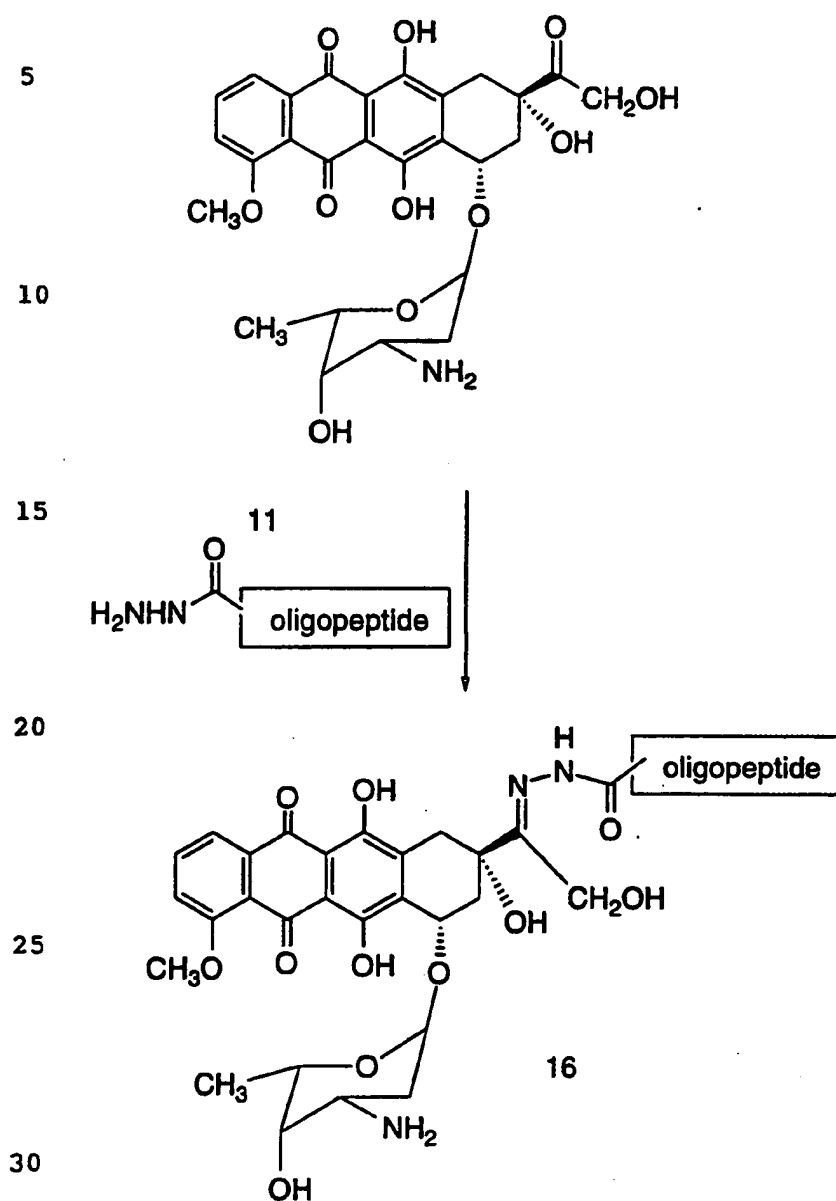
## REACTION SCHEME III





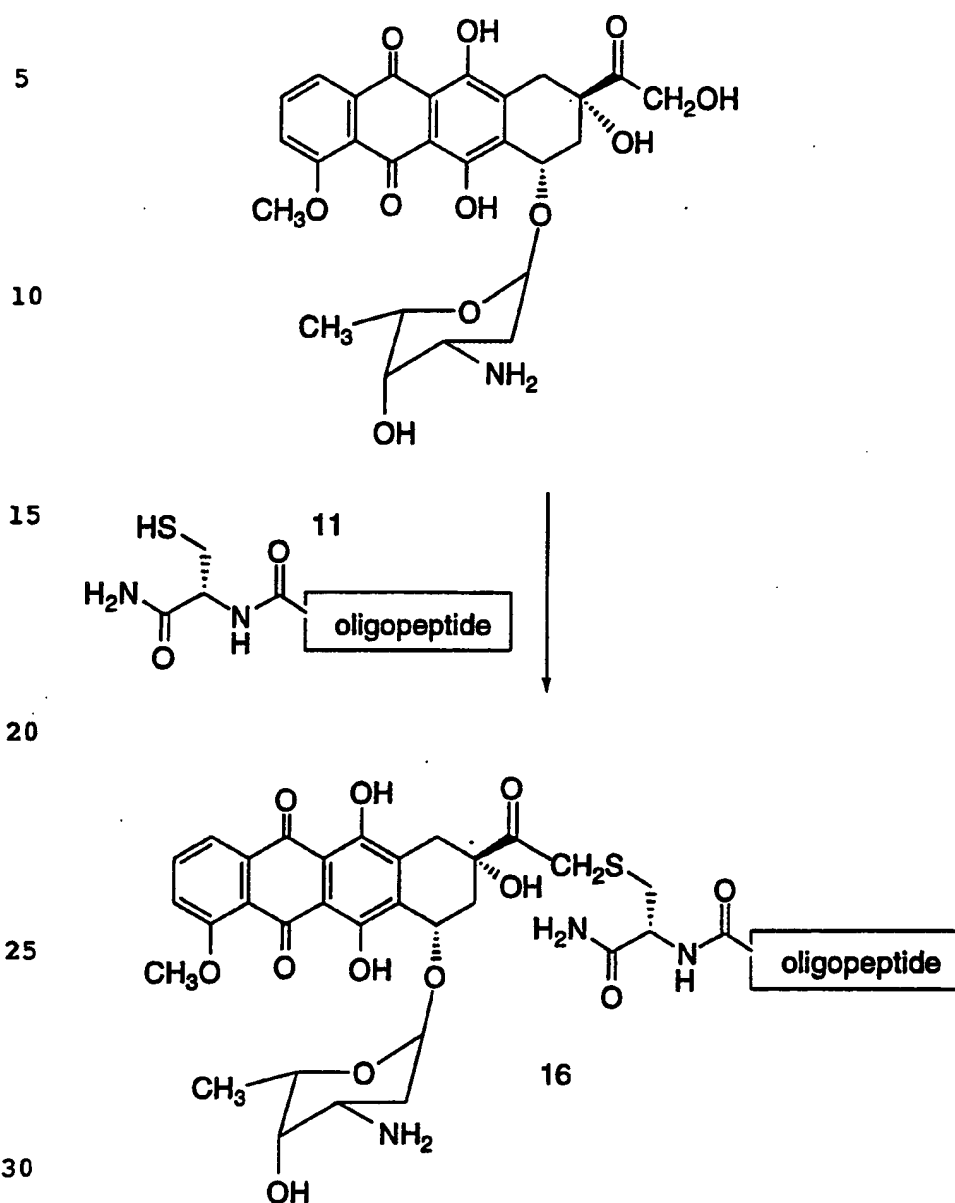
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## REACTION SCHEME IV



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## REACTION SCHEME V



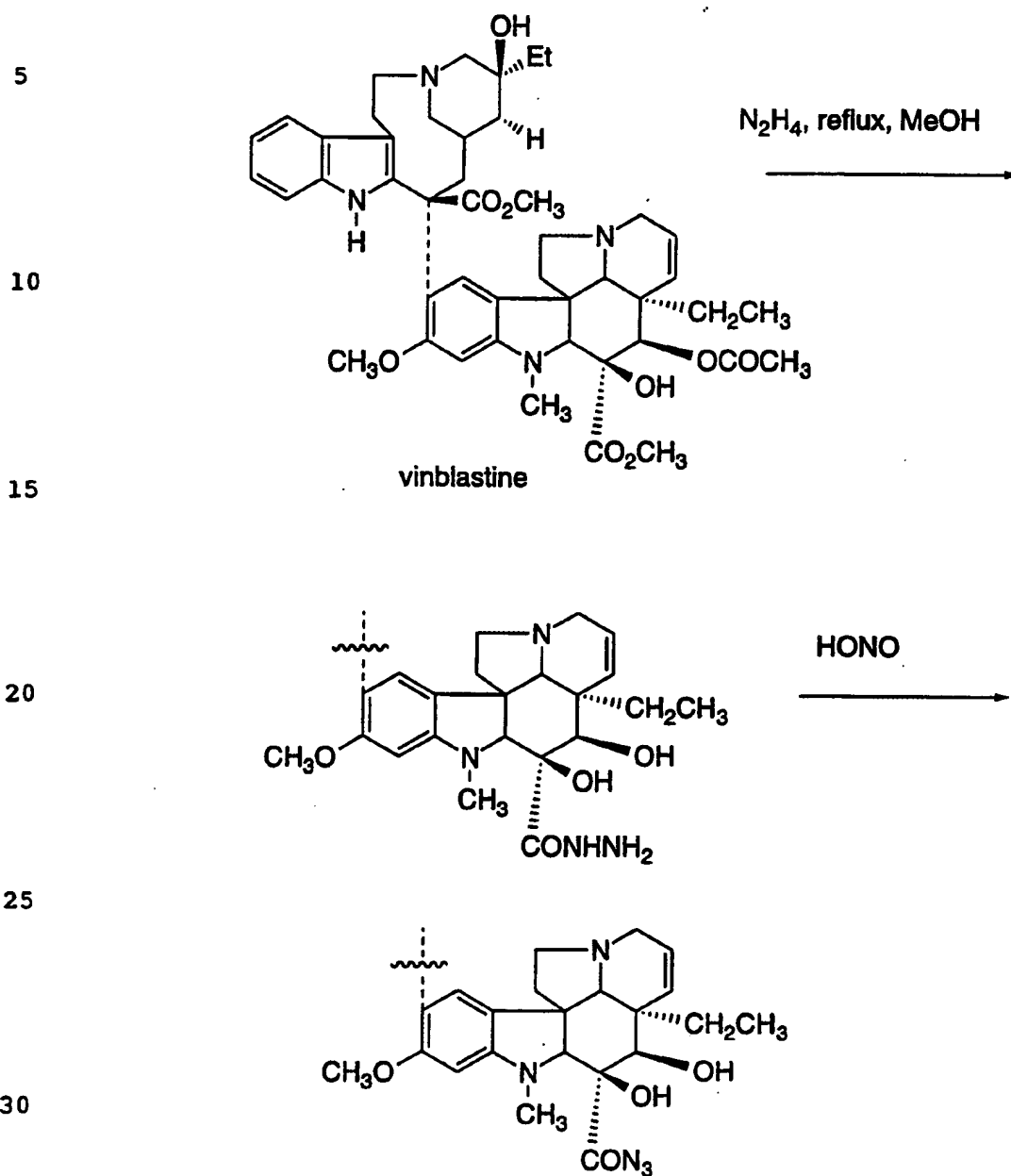
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Reaction Scheme VI illustrates preparation of conjugates of the oligopeptides of the instant invention and the vinca alkaloid cytotoxic agent vinblastine. Attachment of the N-terminus of the oligopeptide to vinblastine is illustrated (S.P. Kandukuri et al. J. Med. Chem. 28:1079-1088 (1985)). However, conjugation of the oligopeptide at other positions and functional groups of vinblastine and at the C-terminus of the oligopeptide is also expected to provide compounds useful in the treatment of prostate cancer.

It is also understood that conjugates may be prepared wherein the N-terminus of the oligopeptide of the instant invention is covalently attached to one cytotoxic agent, such as vinblastine, while the C-terminus is simultaneously attached to another cytotoxic agent, which is the same or different cytotoxic agent, such as doxorubicin. Such a polycytotoxic conjugate may offer advantages over a conjugate containing only one cytotoxic agent.

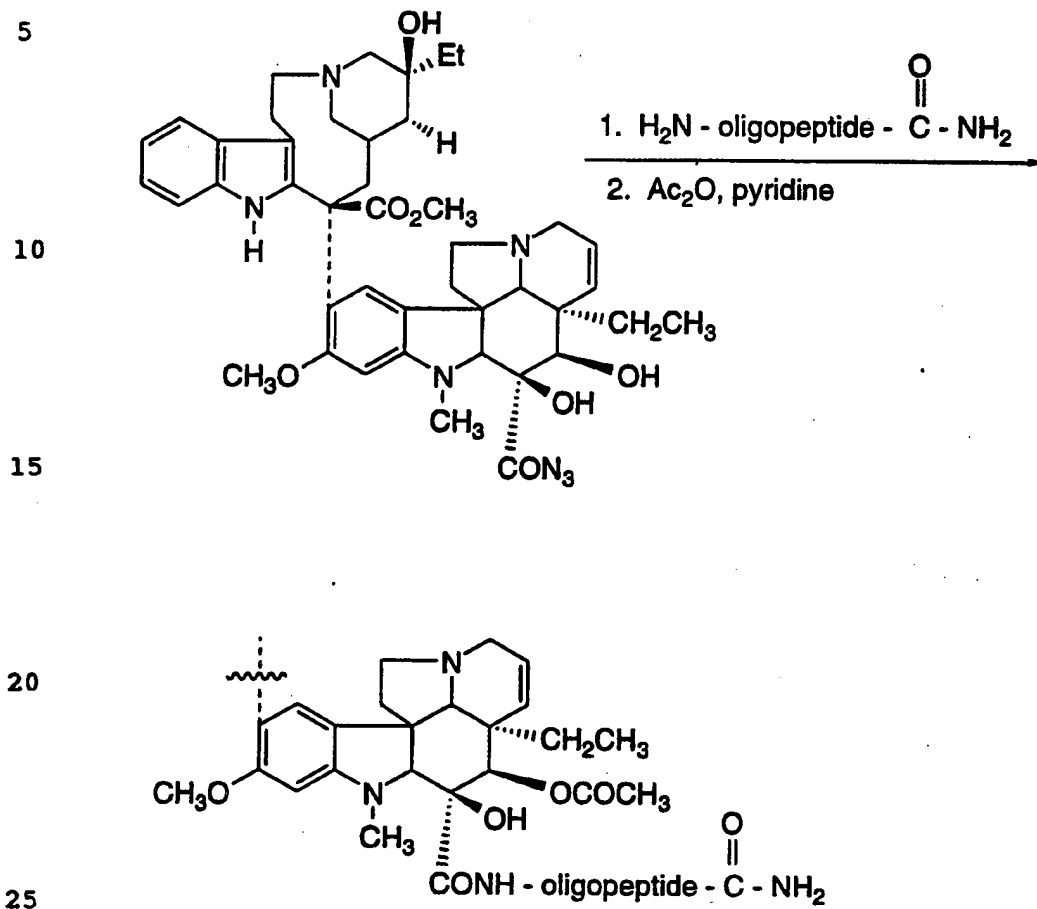
- 34 -

## REACTION SCHEME VI



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## REACTION SCHEME VI



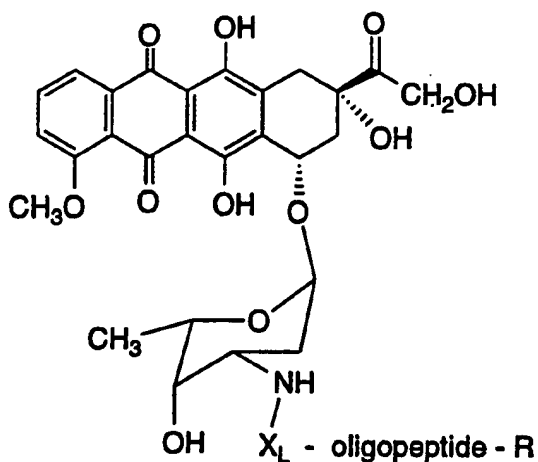
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The oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate of the instant invention wherein the cytotoxic agent is the preferred cytotoxic agent doxorubicin may be described by the general formula I below:

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10

15



wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

X<sub>L</sub> is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) phenylalanine,
- b) leucine,
- c) valine,
- d) isoleucine,
- e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
- f) cyclohexylalanine,
- g) diphenylalanine,
- h) norvaline, and
- j) norleucine;

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R is hydrogen or  $-(C=O)R^1$ ; and

$R^1$  is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl or aryl.

5                    In a preferred embodiment of the oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate:

oligopeptide is an oligomer that comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

- 10                    a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGlnIleSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
- b) LysIleSerTyrGlnIleSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
- 15                    c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyrIleSerGlnThrGlu  
                      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15) ,
- d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyrIleSerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu  
20                    (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
- e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyrIleSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
- f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGlnIleSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
- 25                    g) SerTyrGlnIleSerSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129), and
- h) hArgTyrGlnIleSerSer      (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);

30                    wherein Xaa is any natural amino acid;

XL is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- a) leucine,
- b) isoleucine,
- c) norleucine, and

- 38 -

d) valine; and

R is acetyl, pivaloyl or benzoyl.

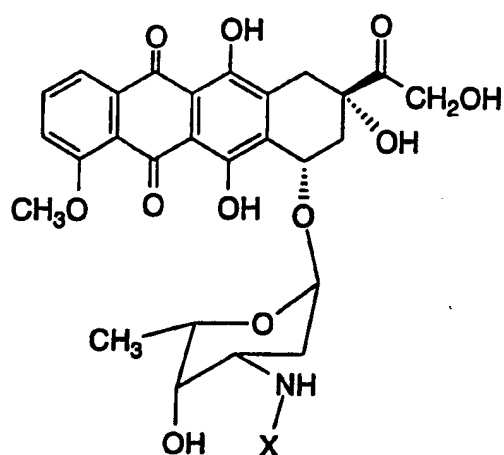
5

The following compounds are specific examples of the oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate of the instant invention:

10

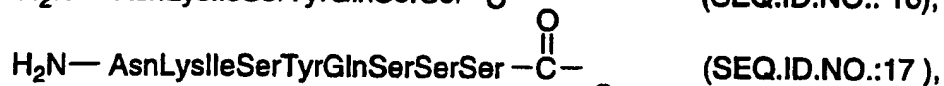
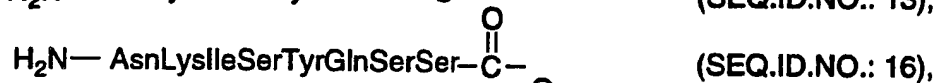
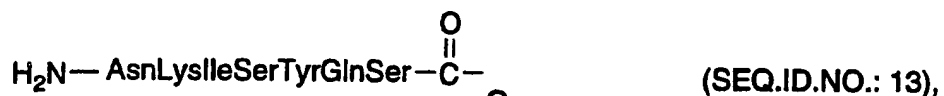
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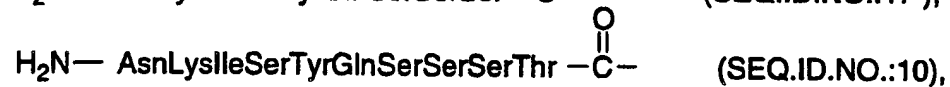


wherein X is:

25

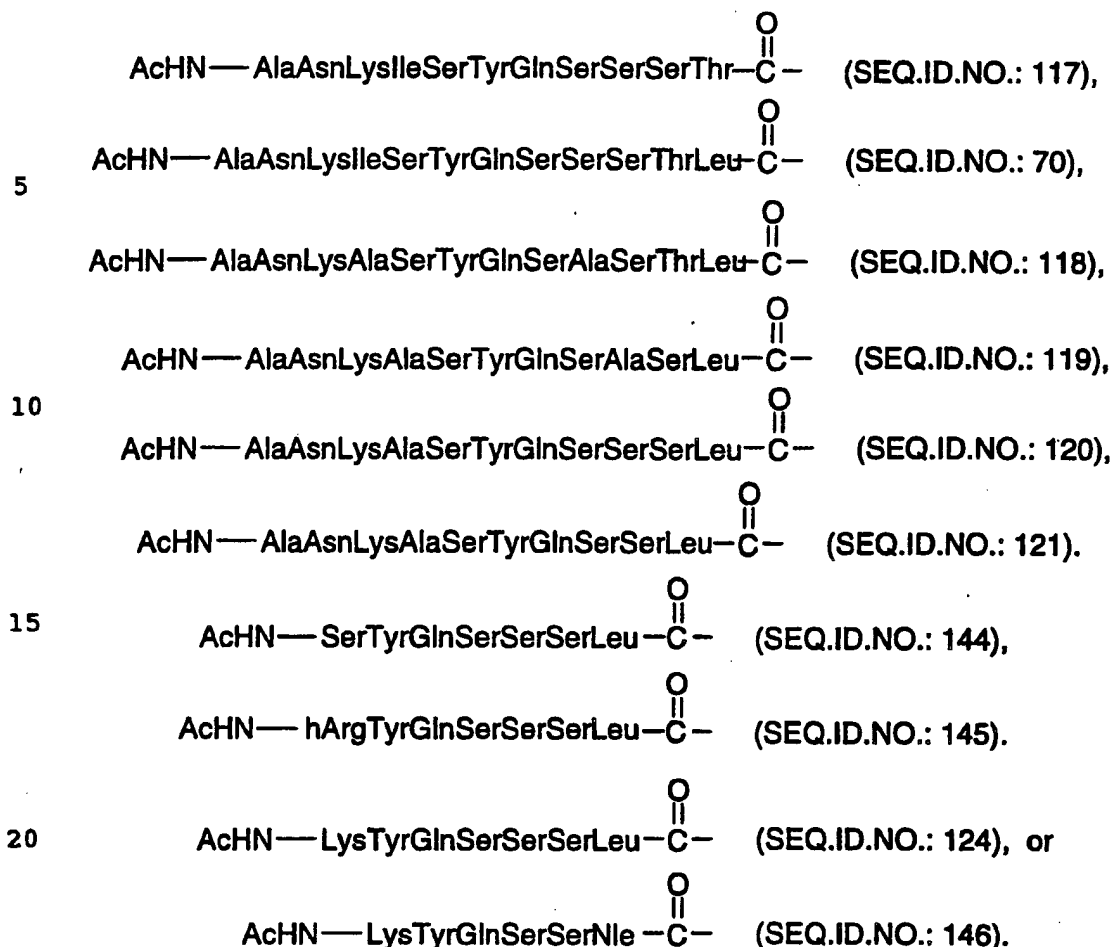


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25 It is well known in the art, and understood in the instant invention, that peptidyl therapeutic agents such as the instant oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugates preferably have the terminal-amino moiety of any oligopeptide substituent protected with a suitable protecting group, such as acetyl, benzoyl, pivaloyl and the like. Such  
 30 protection of the terminal amino group reduces or eliminates the enzymatic degradation of such peptidyl therapeutic agents by the action of exogenous amino peptidases which are present in the blood plasma of warm blooded animals.

The oligopeptide-cytotoxic agent conjugates of the invention are administered to the patient in the form of a pharmaceutical

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composition which comprises a conjugate of Formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, excipient or diluent therefor. As used, "pharmaceutically acceptable" refers to those agents which are useful in the treatment or diagnosis of a warm-blooded animal including, for example, a human, equine, porcine, bovine, murine, canine, feline, or other mammal, as well as an avian or other warm-blooded animal. The preferred mode of administration is parenterally, particularly by the intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal, or intralymphatic route. Such formulations can be prepared using carriers, diluents or excipients familiar to one skilled in the art. In this regard, See, e.g. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 16th ed., 1980, Mack Publishing Company, edited by Osol et al. Such compositions may include proteins, such as serum proteins, for example, human serum albumin, buffers or buffering substances such as phosphates, other salts, or electrolytes, and the like. Suitable diluents may include, for example, sterile water, isotonic saline, dilute aqueous dextrose, a polyhydric alcohol or mixtures of such alcohols, for example, glycerin, propylene glycol, polyethylene glycol and the like. The compositions may contain preservatives such as phenethyl alcohol, methyl and propyl parabens, thimerosal, and the like. If desired, the composition can include about 0.05 to about .20 percent by weight of an antioxidant such as sodium metabisulfite or sodium bisulfite.

For intravenous administration, the composition preferably will be prepared so that the amount administered to the patient will be from about .01 to about 1 g of the conjugate. Preferably, the amount administered will be in the range of about .2 g to about 1 g of the conjugate. The conjugates of the invention are effective over a wide dosage range depending on factors such as the disease state to be treated or the biological effect to be modified, the manner in which the conjugate is administered, the age, weight and condition of the patient as well as other factors to be determined by the treating physician. Thus, the amount administered to any given patient must be determined on an individual basis.

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One skilled in the art will appreciate that although specific reagents and reaction conditions are outlined in the following examples, modification can be made which are meant to be encompassed by the spirit and scope of the invention. The following preparations and examples, therefore, are provided to further illustrate the invention, and are not limiting.

## EXAMPLES

10

### EXAMPLE 1

*Identification of the Semenogelin PSA Mediated Cleavage Site:*  
Liquefaction of the seminal gel parallels proteolytic fragmentation of semenogelin I [Lilja, H., Laurell, C.B., (1984) Scand. J. Clin. Lab. Invest. 44, 447-452]. It is believed that the proteolytic fragmentation of semenogelin is mainly due to the proteolytic activity of prostate-specific antigen [Lilja, H., (1985) J. Clin. Invest. 76, 1899-1903]. Utilizing the published sequence of semenogelin I [Lilja, H., Abrahamsson, P.A., Lundwall, A., (1989) J. of Biol. Chem. 264, 1894-1900] (Figure 1) we designed polymerase chain reaction primers to clone the semenogelin cDNA from a commercially available prostatic cDNA library (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA.). The purified semenogelin cDNA was placed into the bacterial expression vector pTAC [Linemeyer, D.L., Kelly, L.J., Minke, J.G., Gimenez-Gallego, G., DeSalvo, J. and Thomas, K.A., (1987) Bio/Technology 5, 960-965]. The semenogelin cDNA was designed so that a tubulin epitope was placed at the carboxyl end of semenogelin protein.. The bacterially expressed semenogelin protein was purified on an anti-tubulin antibody column. The purified semenogelin I protein was mixed with commercially prepared prostate-specific antigen (PSA) (York Biologicals International, Stony Brook, NY) in an 100 to 1 molar ratio (semenogelin I/PSA) in 12 mM Tris pH 8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>, and incubated for various times. The digest was fractionated by polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and transferred by electrophoresis to ProBlott filter paper (Applied Biosystems, Inc., Foster City, CA.) in CAPS buffer [Matsudaira, P., (1987) J. Biol. Chem. 252,

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10035-10038]. The ProBlott filter paper was stained with coomassie blue to identify the novel PSA generated semenogelin I protein fragments. The novel fragments were cut out of the filter with a scalpel and submitted for sequence determination. After the proteolytic fragments  
5 were identified by variable time digestion, a 10 minute digestion reaction was performed. The affinity of PSA for the 5 potential cleavage sites in semenogelin I was determined to be as follows: site 349/350 > site 375/376 > site 289/290 = site 315/316 > site 159/160. The relative  
10 affinities were derived from the coomassie blue staining intensity of each PSA generated peptide fragment. These intensities had approximate ratios of 3:1:0.6:0.3.

### EXAMPLE 2

#### *Preparation of Oligopeptides which Comprise the PSA Mediated 15 Cleavage Site:*

Oligopeptides were prepared by solid-phase synthesis, using a double coupling protocol for the introduction of amino acids on the Applied Biosystems model 430A automated peptide synthesizer. Deprotection and removal of the oligopeptide from the resin support were achieved by  
20 treatment with liquid hydrofluoric acid. The oligopeptides were purified by preparative high pressure liquid chromatography on reverse phase C18 silica columns using an aqueous 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid/acetonitrile gradient. Identity and homogeneity of the oligopeptides were confirmed by amino acid composition analysis, high pressure liquid  
25 chromatography, and fast atom bombardment mass spectral analysis. The oligopeptides that were prepared by this method are shown in Figure 2.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### *30 Assessment of the Recognition of Oligopeptides by Free PSA :*

The oligopeptides prepared as described in Example 2 were individually dissolved in PSA digestion buffer (12 mM tris(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane pH8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>) and the solution added to PSA at a molar ratio of 100 to 1. The reaction is quenched

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after various reaction times by the addition of trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) to a final 1% (volume/volume). The quenched reaction was analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous 0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient. The results of the assessment are shown in Figure 2. Other oligopeptides prepared as described in Example 2 were tested in the same assay wherein the reaction was quenched at 4 hours. Those results of the assessment are shown in Figure 3. The removal of an asparagine residue from the amino terminus of the oligopeptide results in a significant loss of PSA mediated peptide hydrolysis, while the presence of a glutamic acid residue at the carboxyl end of the peptide appears not to be essential to recognition by PSA.

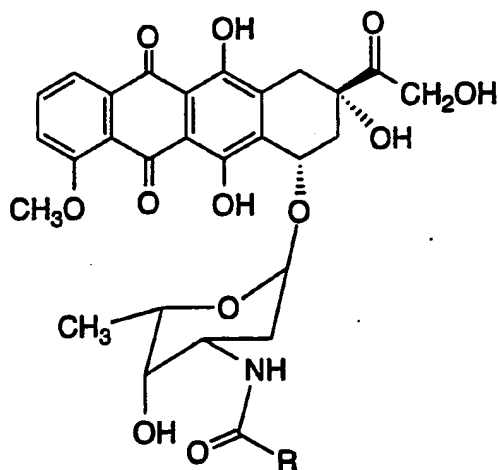
#### EXAMPLE 4

##### *Preparation of Non-cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:*

The derivatives of doxorubicin shown in Table 3 were prepared using the following general reaction: To a mixture of doxorubicin (Sigma) and the corresponding peptide (prepared by solid phase synthesis or commercially available (Sigma)) in DMSO was added HBTU and HOBT along with diisopropylethylamine and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. The crude reaction mixture was purified directly by preparative HPLC on a reversed-phase C-18 column using a 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in acetonitrile/0.1% TFA in water gradient.

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Table 3

	<u>Compound</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>MS (parent ion)</u>
15	12a	Ala-H	615
	12b	Ala-N-Ac	657
	12c	Ala-Ala-Ala-N-Ac	799.5
20	12d	Ala-Ser-Ala-Gly-Thr-Pro-Gly-Ala-N-Ac	1199
		(SEQ.ID.NO.: 12)	

EXAMPLE 5*In vitro Assay of Cytotoxicity of Peptidyl Derivatives of Doxorubicin:*

- 25 The cytotoxicities of the non-cleaveable oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugates, prepared as described in Example 4, against a line of cells which is known to be killed by unmodified doxorubicin were assessed with an Alamar Blue assay. Specifically, cell cultures of LNCaP prostate tumor cells, which are a human metastatic prostate adenocarcinoma
- 30 isolated from a needle biopsy of a lymph node (LNCaP.FGC: American Type Culture Collection, ATCC CRL 1740) , or DuPRO cells in 96 well plates were diluted with medium containing various concentrations of a given conjugate (final plate well volume of 200μl). The cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C and then 20μl of Alamar Blue was added to the assay well. The cells were further incubated and the assay plates

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were read on a EL-310 ELISA reader at the dual wavelengths of 570 and 600 nm at 4 and 7 hours after addition of Alamar Blue. Relative percentage viability at the various concentration of conjugate tested was then calculated versus control (no conjugate) cultures. Cytotoxicities of unmodified doxorubicin and unmodified oligopeptide were also assessed. Figure 3 shows the cytotoxicity data for a representative compound (Compound 12d).

#### EXAMPLE 6

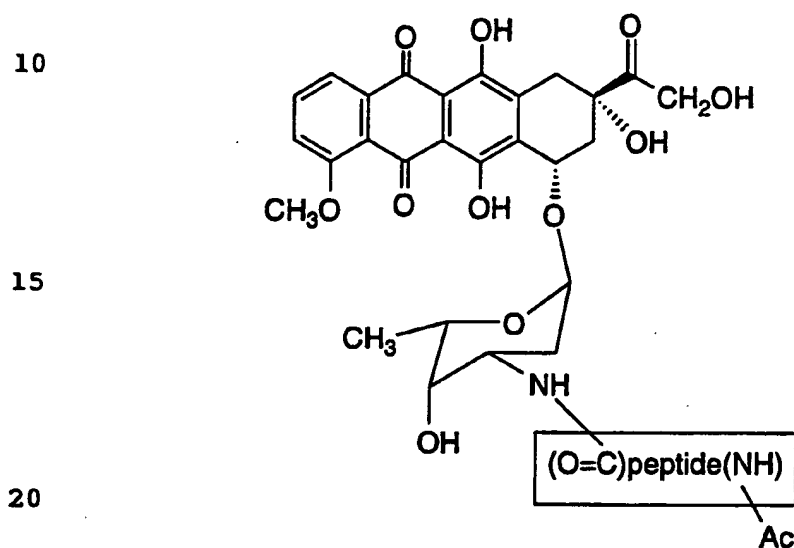
*Assessment of Enzymatically Active PSA from LNCaP Cells*  
Enzymatic activity was demonstrated by incubating LNCaP serum free media (concentrated approximately 200 fold) with recombinant Semenogelin I protein. Approximately 0.5 µg of immunologically reactive PSA in concentrated conditioned media [determined by HYBRIDTECH (Tandem E) elisa] was mixed with approximately 3 µg of recombinant Semenogelin I and incubated for 4 hours at 37°C. At the end of the incubation, the digest mixture was analyzed by Western blot procedures. The results show that purified PSA from semen and PSA from LNCaP conditioned media generate identical proteolytic maps of the recombinant Semenogelin I protein. Thus, LNCaP cells produce enzymatically active PSA. LNCaP are tumorigenic in nude mice and produce detectable levels of circulating PSA.

#### EXAMPLE 7

*Preparation of Cleavable Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates:*  
The derivatives of doxorubicin wherein an oligopeptide which is proteolytically cleaved by free PSA is covalently attached to the amine of the sugar moiety of the doxorubicin were prepared using the following general reaction: To a mixture of doxorubicin (Sigma) and the corresponding peptide (prepared by solid phase synthesis as described in Example 2) in DMSO was added HBTU and HOBt along with diisopropylethylamine and the reaction mixture stirred overnight. The crude reaction mixture was purified directly by preparative HPLC on a

- 46 -

reversed-phase C-18 column using a 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in acetonitrile/0.1% TFA in water gradient. When reactive amine moieties were present on the peptide, such a functionality was typically protected as the fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl adduct, which was removed by treatment with a secondary amine, such as piperidine and the like, subsequent to conjugation with doxorubicin. The instant conjugates have a structure of the general formula



and may be represented by the phrase "Ac-peptide-DOX (3')."  
Conjugates prepared by this method are listed in Table 5 in Figure 5.

### EXAMPLE 8

#### *Assessment of the Recognition of Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates by Free PSA :*

The conjugates prepared as described in Example 7 were individually dissolved in PSA digestion buffer (12 mM tris(hydroxymethyl)-aminomethane pH8.0, 25 mM NaCl, 0.5 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>) and the solution added to PSA at a molar ratio of 100 to 1. The reaction is quenched after various reaction times by the addition of trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) to a final 1% (volume/volume). The quenched reaction was analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous



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0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient. The results of the assessment are shown in Table 5 of Figure 5.

#### EXAMPLE 9

5     ***Assessment of the Cleavage of Oligopeptide-Doxorubicin Conjugates in Cell Conditioned Media :***

Cell conditioned serum-free MEM $\alpha$  media (phenol red minus) was collected 3 days after the addition of the media to either LNCap or Dupro (prepared as described in *J. Urology*, 146:915-919 (1991)) cell lines. The media was concentrated 20 fold using an Amicon® Centriprep™  
10     concentrator with a 10,000 molecular weight cutoff. The LNCap conditioned media contained free PSA protein at, on average, approximately 100 ng/mL concentration as determined by the Tandem®-E PSA immunodetection kit (Hybritech®). There was no detectable free  
15     PSA in the Dupro cell conditioned media.

100  $\mu$ L portions of concentrated conditioned media was mixed with 35  $\mu$ g of a oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugate prepared as described in Example 7 and the mixture was incubated at 37°C for 0, 4 and 24 hour  
20     time points. The reactions were stopped by the addition of ZnCl<sub>2</sub> (to a 0.01M final concentration and analyzed by HPLC on a reversed-phase C18 column using an aqueous 0.1%TFA/acetonitrile gradient to determine the percentage of peptide-cytotoxic agent conjugate that had been digested. The results of the assessment are shown in Table 6 of  
25     Figure 6.

#### EXAMPLE 10

***In vitro Assay of Cytotoxicity of Peptidyl Derivatives of Doxorubicin:***  
The cytotoxicities of the cleaveable oligopeptide-doxorubicin conjugates,  
30     prepared as described in Example 7, against a line of cells which is known to be killed by unmodified doxorubicin was assessed with an Alamar Blue assay as described in Example 5. Specifically, cell cultures of LNCap prostate tumor cells or DuPRO cells in 96 well plates was diluted with medium containing various concentrations of a given

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conjugate (final plate well volume of 200 $\mu$ l). The cells were incubated for 3 days at 37°C, 20 $\mu$ l of Alamar Blue is added to the assay well. The cells were further incubated and the assay plates were read on a EL-310 ELISA reader at the dual wavelengths of 570 and 600 nm at 4 and 7  
5 hours after addition of Alamar Blue. Relative percentage viability at the various concentration of conjugate tested was then calculated versus control (no conjugate) cultures. Cytotoxicities of the conjugates were also compared to the cytotoxicity of unmodified doxorubicin and  
10 unmodified oligopeptide assessed in the same assay. Results of this assay are shown in Table 7 of Figure 7.

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (i) APPLICANT: DeFeo-Jones, Deborah  
Feng, Dong-Mei  
Garsky, Victor M.  
Jones, Raymond E.  
Oliff, Allen I.
- (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL PEPTIDES
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 146
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
  - (A) ADDRESSEE: DAVID A. MUTHARD
  - (B) STREET: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue, P.O. BOX 2000
  - (C) CITY: RAHWAY
  - (D) STATE: NEW JERSEY
  - (E) COUNTRY: U.S.A.
  - (F) ZIP: 07065
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
  - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
  - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
  - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
  - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
  - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
  - (B) FILING DATE:
  - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
  - (A) NAME: Muthard, David A.
  - (B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 35,297
  - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 19253Y
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
  - (A) TELEPHONE: (908)594-3903
  - (B) TELEFAX: (908)594-4720

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 462 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

```

Met Lys Pro Asn Ile Ile Phe Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Glu
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Lys Gln Ala Ala Val Met Gly Gln Lys Gly Gly Ser Lys Gly Arg Leu
      20             25             30

Pro Ser Glu Phe Ser Gln Phe Pro His Gly Gln Lys Gly Gln His Tyr
      35             40             45

Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Lys Gln Gln Thr Glu Ser Lys Gly Ser Phe Ser
      50             55             60

Ile Gln Tyr Thr Tyr His Val Asp Ala Asn Asp His Asp Gln Ser Arg
      65             70             75             80

Lys Ser Gln Gln Tyr Asp Leu Asn Ala Leu His Lys Thr Thr Lys Ser
      85             90             95

Gln Arg His Leu Gly Gly Ser Gln Gln Leu Leu His Asn Lys Gln Glu
      100            105            110

Gly Arg Asp His Asp Lys Ser Lys Gly His Phe His Arg Val Val Ile
      115            120            125

His His Lys Gly Gly Lys Ala His Arg Gly Thr Gln Asn Pro Ser Gln
      130            135            140

Asp Gln Gly Asn Ser Pro Ser Gly Lys Gly Ile Ser Ser Gln Tyr Ser
      145            150            155            160

Asn Thr Glu Glu Arg Leu Trp Val His Gly Leu Ser Lys Glu Gln Thr
      165            170            175

Ser Val Ser Gly Ala Gln Lys Gly Arg Lys Gln Gly Gly Ser Gln Ser
      180            185            190

Ser Tyr Val Leu Gln Thr Glu Glu Leu Val Ala Asn Lys Gln Gln Arg
      195            200            205

Glu Thr Lys Asn Ser His Gln Asn Lys Gly His Tyr Gln Asn Val Val
      210            215            220

Glu Val Arg Glu Glu His Ser Ser Lys Val Gln Thr Ser Leu Cys Pro
      225            230            235            240

Ala His Gln Asp Lys Leu Gln His Gly Ser Lys Asp Ile Phe Ser Thr
      245            250            255

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Gln Asp Glu Leu Leu Val Tyr Asn Lys Asn Gln His Gln Thr Lys Asn  
                   260                                  265                                  270  
 Leu Asn Gln Asp Gln Gln His Gly Arg Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr  
                   275                                  280                                  285  
 Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly  
                   290                                  295                                  300  
 Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Ser Ser Ile Tyr Ser Gln Thr Glu Glu  
                   305                                  310                                  315                                  320  
 Lys Ala Gln Gly Lys Ser Gln Lys Gln Ile Thr Ile Pro Ser Gln Glu  
                                   325                                  330                                  335  
 Gln Glu His Ser Gln Lys Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser  
                                   340                                  345                                  350  
 Thr Glu Glu Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp  
                   355                                  360                                  365  
 Val Ser Gln Arg Ser Ile Tyr Ser Gln Thr Glu Lys Leu Val Ala Gly  
                   370                                  375                                  380  
 Lys Ser Gln Ile Gln Ala Pro Asn Pro Lys Gln Glu Pro Trp His Gly  
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 Glu Asn Ala Lys Gly Glu Ser Gly Gln Ser Thr Asn Arg Glu Gln Asp  
                                   405                                  410                                  415  
 Leu Leu Ser His Glu Gln Lys Gly Arg His Gln His Gly Ser His Gly  
                   420                                  425                                  430  
 Gly Leu Asp Ile Val Ile Ile Glu Gln Glu Asp Asp Ser Asp Arg His  
                   435                                  440                                  445  
 Leu Ala Gln His Leu Asn Asn Asp Arg Asn Pro Leu Phe Thr  
                   450                                  455                                  460

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
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    (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5				10						15	

Gln Thr Glu

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:
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| Gly | Glu | Asn | Gly | Val | Gln | Lys | Asp | Val | Ser | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ile | Tyr | Ser |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
- Gln Thr Glu

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Gly | Arg | Lys | Ala | Asn | Lys | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Glu | Glu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
- Arg Arg Leu His Tyr Gly Glu Asn Gly
- |  |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |    |  |
|--|--|--|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----|--|
|  |  |  |  |    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |    |  |
|  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |  |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- 54 -

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Glu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ile | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Glu |
| 1   |     |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide



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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

Ala Ser Ala Gly Thr Pro Gly Ala  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:
- Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser  
1                    5
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
    (B) LOCATION: 12  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "any natural amino acid"
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:
- Gly Glu Asn Gly Val Gln Lys Asp Val Ser Gln Xaa Ser Ile Tyr Ser  
1                    5                    10                    15  
Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Asn | Lys | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser |
| 1   |     |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Asn | Lys | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser |
| 1   |     |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     |
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:
- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 17 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Gln	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	His	Gln	Ser
1				5				10						15	
Ser															

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

Asn	Arg	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser
1					5	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

Asn	Lys	Val	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser
1					5	

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

Asn Lys Met Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

Asn Lys Leu Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

Asn Lys Ile Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal



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## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Trp	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser  
1                    5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

Gln Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1                    5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

Asn Arg Ile Thr Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

Asn Arg Ile Ser Phe Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

Gln	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

Asn	Arg	Ile	Ser	Trp	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

Asn	Arg	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

Asn	Lys	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

Gln	Lys	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1			5						10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

Asn	Arg	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr
1			5						10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE-DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Asn	Lys	Val	Ser	Phe	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

Asn	Arg	Val	Ser	Trp	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

Gln	Lys	Val	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1				5					10

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr
1					5				10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

Gly	Glu	Gln	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids



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- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asp	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5				10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5				10						15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Asn	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Arg	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Lys	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Phe	Ser
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Met	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Thr
1				5					10					15	

Gln Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Thr
1			5					10						15	

Gln Thr Glu

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1			5					10						15	

Gln Ser Glu

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 19 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Gln	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Ser
1			5					10						15	

Asn Thr Glu

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

Gly	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1			5					10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1			5					10						15

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

Gly	Arg	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5				10					15	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5				10					15	

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5				10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5				10						15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal



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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

Ala	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Phe	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5					10					15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu
1				5					10					15

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## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Gly | Lys | Gly | Ile | Ser | Ser | Gln | Tyr | Ser | Asn | Ser | Glu | Glu | Arg | Leu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 25 amino acids
    - (B) TYPE: amino acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:
- |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ser | Gln | Lys | Ala | Asn | Lys | Ile | Ser | Tyr | Gln | Ser | Ser | Ser | Thr | Glu | Glu |
| 1   |     |     |     | 5   |     |     |     | 10  |     |     |     |     |     | 15  |     |
| Arg | Arg | Leu | His | Tyr | Gly | Glu | Asn | Gly |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
|     |     |     | 20  |     |     |     | 25  |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids

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(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu
1				5					10		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Ala	Asn	Gly	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

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Ala Asn Pro Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Thr Glu  
1                    5                    10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids

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- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

- (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
    - (B) LOCATION: 5
    - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-serine
- /note= "unnatural configuration of the amino acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-isoleucine

/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5						10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gln	Thr	Glu
1				5						10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ala	Lys	Thr	Glu
1				5					10		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 3

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-lysine

/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO



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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

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Ala Asn Lys Ile Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

Ala Asn Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu  
1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

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(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

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Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

Ala Asn Glu Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids

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- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ala Ser Thr Glu  
1                      5                      10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu  
1                      5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

Ala	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

Ala	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

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Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Cys  
1 5 10

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids



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(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO  
(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO  
(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

Ser Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide  
(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ile	Ser	Gln	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 3

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural  
/note= "ornithine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

Ala	Asn	Xaa	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5						10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 2  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural  
/note= "3,4-dichlorophenalanine"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

Ser Xaa Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

## (ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 2  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural  
/note= "(3-pyridinyl)alanine"

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

Ser Xaa Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:106:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

Ser Lys Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:108:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

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/note= "epsilon aminocaproic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:108:

Xaa	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu
1				5		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:109:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 4
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural

/note= "N-methylisoleucine"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:109:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Xaa	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Thr	Glu
1				5					10	

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

Ser Tyr Lys Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Thr Glu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

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(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= unnatural  
/note= "2,3-diaminopropionic acid"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:117:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO



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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr  
1                    5                    10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:118:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Thr Leu  
1                    5                    10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids  
    (B) TYPE: amino acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala Ser Leu  
1                    5                    10

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ser	Leu
1				5						10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 10 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

Ala	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Leu
1				5					10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
    (B) LOCATION: 7  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-leucine  
/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr Leu  
1                    5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 11 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Ala Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1                    5                    10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

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(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 7  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= d-leucine  
/note= "unnatural amino acid stereochemical configuration"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Lys Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

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Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:133:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Thr  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:134:

Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:135:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:135:



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Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:136:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:136:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:137:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:137:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ser  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:138:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:138:

Ala Asn Lys Ile Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Ala  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:139:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
- (v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:139:

Ala Asn Lys Ala Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ala  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:140:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
- (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

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(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:140:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:141:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:141:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:142:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:142:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:143:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:143:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:144:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:144:

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Ser Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:145:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= homoarginine

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:145:

Xaa Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:146:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

(v) FRAGMENT TYPE: internal

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 7  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /label= norleucine

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:146:

Lys Tyr Gln Ser Ser Ser Leu  
1 5

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An oligopeptide that comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen.  
5
2. The oligopeptide according to Claim 1 wherein the sequence of amino acids is
  - 10 a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),
  - b) LysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),
  - c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu  
15 (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15) ,
  - d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu  
(SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),
  - 20 e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),
  - f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),
  - 25 g) SerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129);
  - h) LysTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 140); or
  - i) hArgTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);
- 30 wherein hArg is homoarginine and Xaa is any natural amino acid.
3. The oligopeptide according to Claim 2 wherein the sequence of amino acids is

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- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16),
- b) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 130),
- 5 c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 17),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 18),
- 10 e) LysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 19),
- f) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu  
(SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- 15 g) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu  
(SEQ.ID.NO.: 5),
- h) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 131),
- 20 i) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 132),
- j) SerTyrGln|SerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 133),
- k) SerTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 134),
- 25 l) LysTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 142),
- m) hArgTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 143), or
- 30 n) SerTyrGln|SerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 135).

4. The oligopeptide according to Claim 2 wherein the amino acid sequence is

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- a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 10),
- b) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 136),
- 5 c) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 3 ),
- d) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11),
- 10 e) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 4),
- f) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 137),
- 15 g) AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|SerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 138),
- h) AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|SerAla (SEQ.ID.NO.: 139), or
- i) AlaSerTyrGln|SerSerLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94).

20 5. The oligopeptide according to Claim 2 wherein the amino acid sequence is

- a) GlyArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGluGluArgArg  
25 LeuHisTyr GlyGluAsnGly (SEQ.ID.NO.: 6).

6. The oligopeptide according to Claim 1 which is selected from:

- 30 AsnArgIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 21),
- AsnLysValSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 22),
- AsnLysMetSerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 23),
- AsnLysLeuSerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 24),
- AsnLysIleThrTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 25),



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- AsnLysIleSerPheGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 26),  
 AsnLysIleSerTrpGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 27),  
 AsnLysIleSerTyrAsn|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 28),  
 AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 29),  
 5 AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 30),  
 GlnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 31),  
 AsnArgIleThrTyrGln|SerSerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 32),  
 AsnArgIleSerPheGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 33),  
 AsnArgIleSerTrpGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 35),  
 10 AsnArgIleSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 36),  
 AsnLysIleThrTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 37),  
 AsnLysLeuSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 38),  
 GlnLysLeuSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 39),  
 AsnArgLeuSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 40),  
 15 AsnLysValSerPheGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 41),  
 AsnArgValSerTrpGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 42),  
 GlnLysValSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 43),  
 GlnLysIleSerTyrGln|ThrSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 34), or  
 20 AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThr (SEQ.ID.NO.: 44).

7. The oligopeptide according to Claim 1 which is

- AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)  
 25 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 11)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 70)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 73)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 74)  
 30 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 75)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerGlnThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 78)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerAlaLysThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 79)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 81)  
 Ac-AlaAsnLysSerTyrGln|SerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 82)

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- Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 84)
- Ac-AlaAsnGluIleSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 85)
- Ac-AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 16)
- 5 Ac-LysIleSerTyrGln|SerSer-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 86)
- Ac-SerTyrGln|SerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 87)
- Ac-AlaSerTyrGln|SerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 89)
- Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 92)
- Ac-AlaAsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|SerAlaSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 93)
- 10 Ac-AlaSerTyrGln|SerSerLeu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 94)
- Ac-AlaAsnSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 95)
- Ac-AlaSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 96)
- Ac-SerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGlu-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 97) or
- 15 Ac-AlaAsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|SerAlaSerCys-amide (SEQ.ID.NO.: 98).

8. An assay for determining proteolytic activity of free prostate specific antigen in a sample, comprising the steps of:
- (a), reacting a substrate, wherein the substrate is an oligopeptide that comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, with the sample; and
- 20 (b), detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved.
9. The assay according to Claim 8 wherein the step of detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved comprises analyzing the assay mixture by high performance liquid chromatography.
10. An assay for identifying compounds which inhibit the proteolytic activity of prostate specific antigen, comprising:
- 30 (a), reacting a substrate, wherein the substrate comprises a sequence of amino acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free prostate specific antigen, with free prostate

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specific antigen in the presence of a test substance;  
and

- (b), detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved,  
in which the ability of the test substance to inhibit  
proteolytic activity of prostate specific antigen is  
indicated by a decrease in the cleavage of the  
substrate as compared to the cleavage of the substrate  
in the absence of the test substance.

11. The assay according to Claim 10 wherein the step of  
detecting whether the substrate has been cleaved comprises analyzing the  
assay mixture by high performance liquid chromatography.

12. A conjugate which is useful for the treatment of  
prostate cancer which comprises a cytotoxic agent attached to a  
oligopeptide, wherein the oligopeptide comprises a sequence of amino  
acids that is recognized and selectively proteolytically cleaved by free  
prostate specific antigen, wherein the means of attachment is a covalent  
bond or a chemical linker.

13. The conjugate according to Claim 12 wherein the  
cytotoxic agent is a member of a class of cytotoxic agents selected from  
the following classes:

- a) anthracycline family of drugs,
- b) the vinca alkaloid drugs,
- c) the mitomycins,
- d) the bleomycins,
- e) the cytotoxic nucleosides,
- f) the pteridine family of drugs,
- g) diynenes,
- h) estramustine,
- i) cyclophosphamide, and
- h) the podophyllotoxins.

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14. The conjugate according to Claim 12 wherein the cytotoxic agent is selected from the following cytotoxic agents:

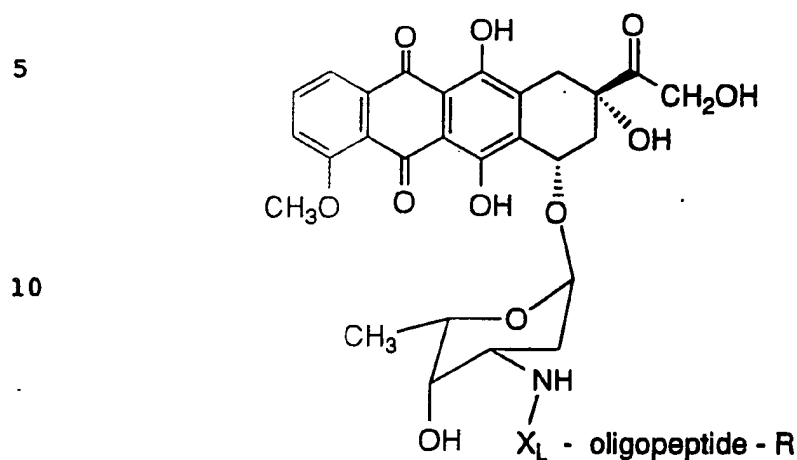
- a) doxorubicin,
- b) carminomycin,
- 5 c) daunorubicin,
- d) aminopterin,
- e) methotrexate,
- f) methopterin,
- g) dichloro-methotrexate,
- 10 h) mitomycin C,
- i) porfiromycin,
- j) 5-fluorouracil,
- k) 6-mercaptopurine,
- l) cytosine arabinoside,
- 15 m) podophyllotoxin,
- n) etoposide,
- o) etoposide phosphate,
- p) melphalan,
- q) vinblastine,
- 20 r) vincristine,
- s) leurosidine,
- t) vindesine,
- u) estramustine,
- v) cisplatin,
- 25 w) cyclophosphamide, and
- x) leurosine.

15. The conjugate according to Claim 12 wherein the cytotoxic agent is selected from doxorubicin and vinblastine or a  
30 cytotoxic derivative thereof.

16. The conjugate according to Claim 12 wherein the cytotoxic agent is doxorubicin or a cytotoxic derivative thereof.

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17. The conjugate according to Claim 16 of the formula I:



wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen;

X<sub>L</sub> is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

- 25
- a) phenylalanine,
  - b) leucine,
  - c) valine,
  - d) isoleucine,
  - e) (2-naphthyl)alanine,
  - 30 f) cyclohexylalanine,
  - g) diphenylalanine,
  - h) norvaline, and
  - j) norleucine;

R is hydrogen or -(C=O)R<sup>1</sup>; and

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$R^1$  is  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl or aryl.

18. The conjugate according to Claim 17 wherein:

5

oligopeptide is an oligomer that comprises an amino acid sequence selected from:

10

a) AsnLysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 13),

b) LysIleSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 14),

15

c) GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnXaaSerIleTyr|SerGlnThrGlu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 15),

d) GlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|SerAsnThrGluGluArgLeu (SEQ.ID.NO.: 2),

20

e) AsnLysIleSerTyrTyr|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 127),

f) AsnLysAlaSerTyrGln|Ser (SEQ.ID.NO.: 128),

g) SerTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 129), and

25

h) hArgTyrGln|SerSer (SEQ.ID.NO.: 141);

wherein hArg is homoarginine and Xaa is any natural amino acid;

30

$XL$  is absent or is an amino acid selected from:

a) leucine,

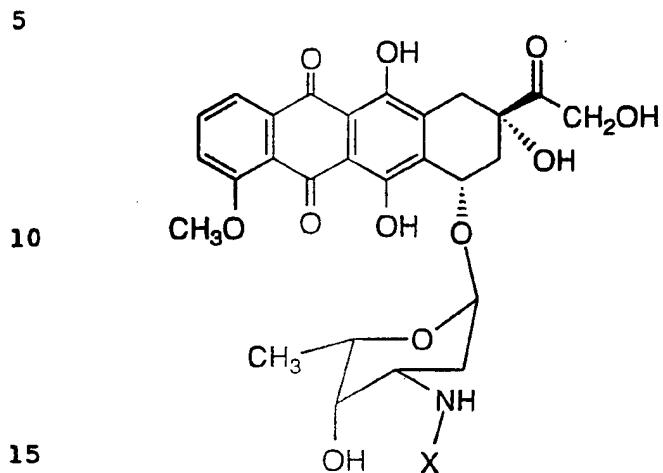
b) isoleucine, and

d) valine; and

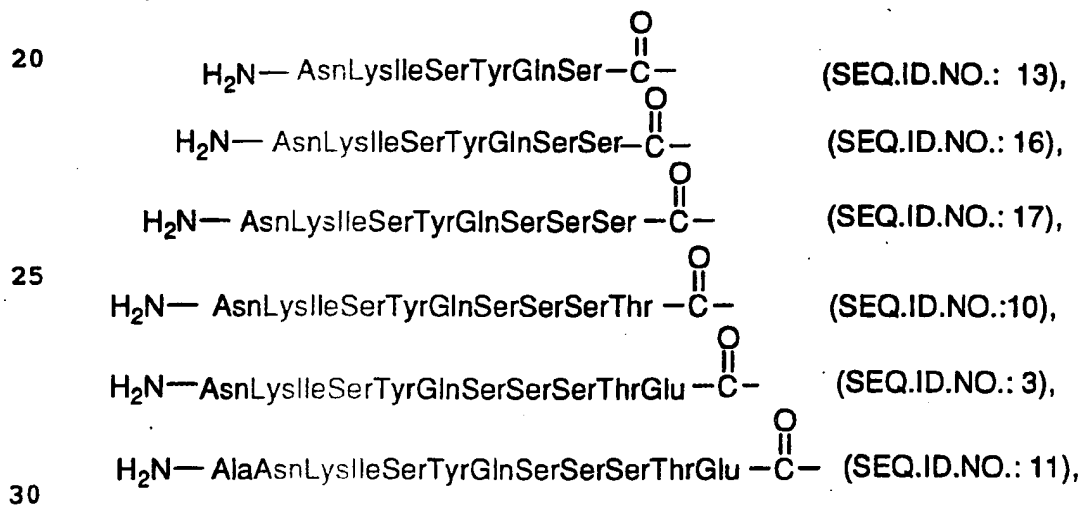
R is acetyl, pivaloyl or benzoyl.

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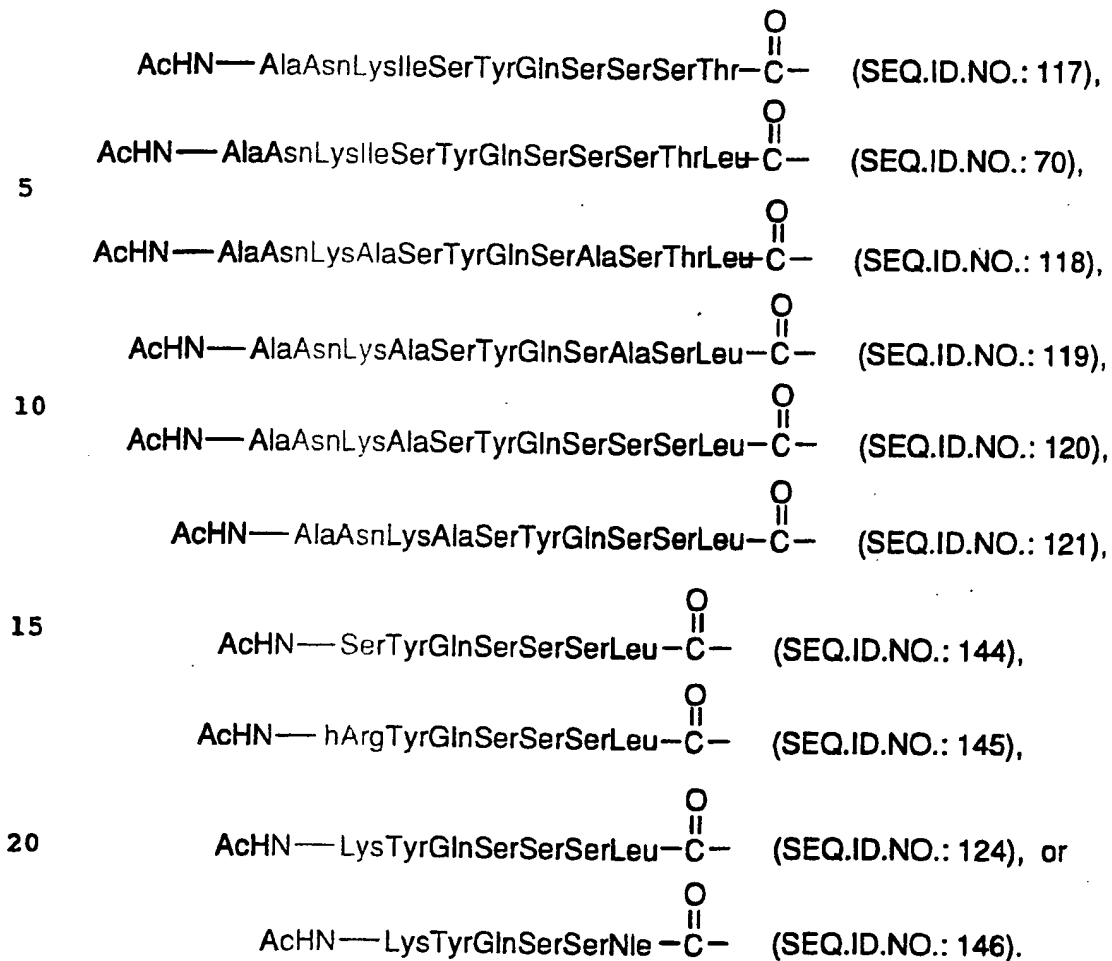
19. The conjugate according to Claim 16 which is selected from:



wherein X is:



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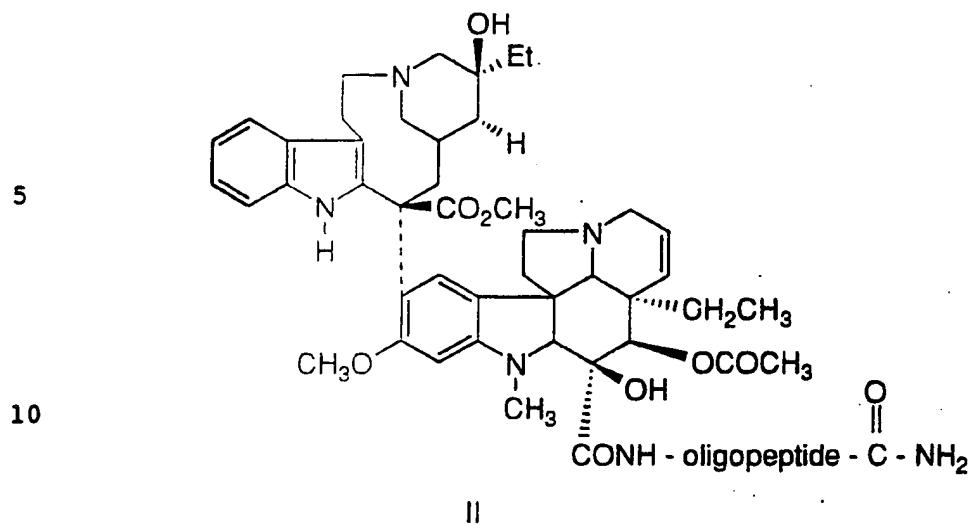


25  
 30

II:  
 20. The conjugate according to Claim 15 of the formula



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wherein:

oligopeptide is an oligopeptide which is specifically recognized by the free prostate specific antigen (PSA) and is capable of being proteolytically cleaved by the enzymatic activity of the free prostate specific antigen.

1: MetLysProAsnIleIlePheValLeuSerLeuLeuLeuIleLeuGluLysGlnAlaAla -  
21: ValMetGlyGlnLysGlyGlySerLysGlyArgLeuProSerGluPheSerGlnPhePro -  
41: HisGlyGlnLysGlyGlnHisTyrSerGlyGlnLysGlyLysGlnGlnThrGluSerLys -  
61: GlySerPheSerIleGlnTyrThrTyrHisValAspAlaAsnAspHisAspGlnSerArg -  
81: LysSerGlnGlnTyrAspLeuAsnAlaLeuHisLysThrThrLysSerGlnArgHisLeu -  
101: GlyGlySerGlnGlnLeuLeuHisAsnLysGlnGluGlyArgAspHisAspLysSerLys -  
121: GlyHisPheHisArgValValIleHisHisLysGlyGlyLysAlaHisArgGlyThrGln -  
141: AsnProSerGlnAspGlnGlyAsnSerProSerGlyLysGlyIleSerSerGlnTyr|Ser - CS#5  
161: AsnThrGluGluArgLeuTrpValHisGlyLeuSerLysGluGlnThrSerValSerGly -  
181: AlaGlnLysGlyArgLysGlnGlyGlySerGlnSerSerTyrValLeuGlnThrGluGlu -  
201: LeuValAlaAsnLysGlnGlnArgGluThrLysAsnSerHisGlnAsnLysGlyHisTyr -  
221: GlnAsnValValGluValArgGluGluHisSerSerLysValGlnThrSerLeuCysPro -  
241: AlaHisGlnAspLysLeuGlnHisGlySerLysAspIlePheSerThrGlnAspGluLeu -

FIG.1a

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261: LeuValTyrAsnLysAsnGlnHisGlnThrLysAsnLeuAsnGlnAspGlnGlnHisGly -  
CS#3  
281: ArgLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGluGluArgArgLeuHisTyr -  
CS#4  
301: GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnSerSerIleTyrSer|GlnThrGluGlu -  
321: LysAlaGlnGlyLysSerGlnLysGlnIleThrIleProSerGlnGluGlnGluHisSer -  
CS#1  
341: GlnLysAlaAsnLysIleSerTyrGln|SerSerSerThrGluGluArgArgLeuHisTyr -  
CS#2  
361: GlyGluAsnGlyValGlnLysAspValSerGlnArgSerIleTyrSer|GlnThrGluLys -  
381: LeuValAlaGlyLysSerGlnIleGlnAlaProAsnProLysGlnGluProTrpHisGly -  
401: GluAsnAlaLysGlyGluSerGlyGlnSerThrAsnArgGluGlnAspLeuLeuSerHis -  
421: GluGlnLysGlyArgHisGlnHisGlySerHisGlyGlyLeuAspIleValIleIleGlu -  
441: GlnGluAspAspSerAspArgHisLeuAlaGlnHisLeuAsnAsnAspArgAsnProLeu -  
461: PheThr -

FIG.1b

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		<u>PERCENT PEPTIDE HYDROLYSIS</u>					
		<u>TIME OF INCUBATION (HOURS)</u>					
PEPTIDE		0.5	1	2	3	4	20
1. SYQSSSTE		ND	0	ND	0	ND	0
2. ISYQSSSTE		ND	0	ND	0	ND	0
3. KISYQSSSTE		ND	10	ND	30	ND	90
4. NKISYQSSSTE		ND	30	ND	70	ND	100
5. NKISYQSSST		ND	20	30	ND	ND	100
6. ANKISYQSSSTE		15	25	ND	ND	80	100
7. ANKISYQSSS		4	6	16	30	45	ND
8. NKISYQSSS		2	6	22	44	55	ND
9. ANKISYQSS		1	ND	12	ND	39	ND
10 GRKANKISYQS- SSTEERRLHYGEN G		20	50	ND	ND	90	100

FIG.2

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PEPTIDE	SEQ.ID.NO.	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED AT 4 HOURS
		BY YORK PSA
SEMOGELIN (463 aa)		100 (30 min)
GRKANKISYQ-SSSTEERRLHYGENG	6	100 (2 hrs)
SQKANKISYQ-SSSTEERRLHYGENG	67	100 (3hrs)
ANKISYQ-SSSTE	11	98
ISYQ-SSST	68	0
NKISYQ-SSST	10	62
NKISYQ-SSSTE	3	90
KISYQ-SSSTE	9	49
SYQ-SSSTE	7	0 (3 hrs)
ISYQ-SSSTE	8	0
NKISYQ-SSS	17	55
ANKISYQ-SSS	18	45
ANKISYQ-SS	69	39
ANKISYQ-SSSTE-amide	11	43
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL	70	57
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTE-amide	11	40
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-amide	70	46
Ac-ANGISYQ-SSSTE-amide	71	0
Ac-ANPISYQ-SSSTE-amide	72	0
Ac-ANKISYQ-SASTE-amide	73	66
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSKTE-amide	74	80
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSTE-amide	75	44
Ac-ANKI(dS)YQ-SSSTE-amide	76	9
Ac-ANK(dI)SYQ-SSSTE-amide	77	0
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSQTE-amide	78	55
Ac-ANKISYQ-SAKTE-amide	79	80
Ac-AN(dK)ISYQ-SSSTE-amide	80	3
Ac-ANKISYQ-STE-amide	81	28
Ac-ANKIYQ-SSTE-amide	82	0
Ac-ANKSYQ-SSTE-amide	83	10
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTE-amide	84	98
Ac-ANEISYQ-SASTE-amide	85	10
Ac-NKISYQ-SS-amide	16	30
Ac-KISYQ-SS-amide	86	15
Ac-SYQ-SSTE-amide	87	65
Ac-SYQ-SSSTL-acid	88	83
Ac-ASYQ-SSTE-amide	89	68
Ac-EISYQ-SSSTE-amide	90	0
Ac-ANEISYQ-SSSTE-amide	91	0
Ac-ANKISYY-SSSTE-amide	92	73
Ac-ANKISYY-SASTE-amide	93	91

FIG.3a

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

PEPTIDE	L-NUMBER	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED AT 4 HOURS BY YORK PSA
Ac-ASYQ-SSL-acid	94	71
Ac-ANSYQ-SSSTE-amide	95	28
Ac-ASYQ-SSSTE-amide	96	64
Ac-SYQ-SSSTE-amide	97	50
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASC-amide	98	78
Ac-Q-SSTE-amide	99	0
Ac-YQ-SSTE-amide	100	0
Ac-SQ-SSTE-amide	101	0
Ac-ANKISQ-SSTE-amide	102	0
Ac-AN(ORN)ISYQ-SSTE-amide	103	34
Ac-S(3PAL)Q-SSTE-amide	104	4
Ac-S(3,4-C12F)Q-SSTE-amide	105	6
Ac-SKQ-SSTE-amide	106	0
Ac-SYQ-SSTL-acid	88	81
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-acid	107	98
(e-ACA)-YQ-SSSL-amide	108	0
ANK(N-Me-I)SYQ-SSTE-amide	109	0
SYQ-SSTE-amide	110	0
HO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO-YQ-SSTE-amide	111	0
Ac-SYK-SSTE-amide	112	5
Ac-SYY-SSTE-amide	113	93
Ac-SYQ-SSL-NHNH <sub>2</sub>	114	32
Ac-SYQ-SSL-acid	115	72
DAP-YQ-SSSL-amide	116	0

FIG.3b

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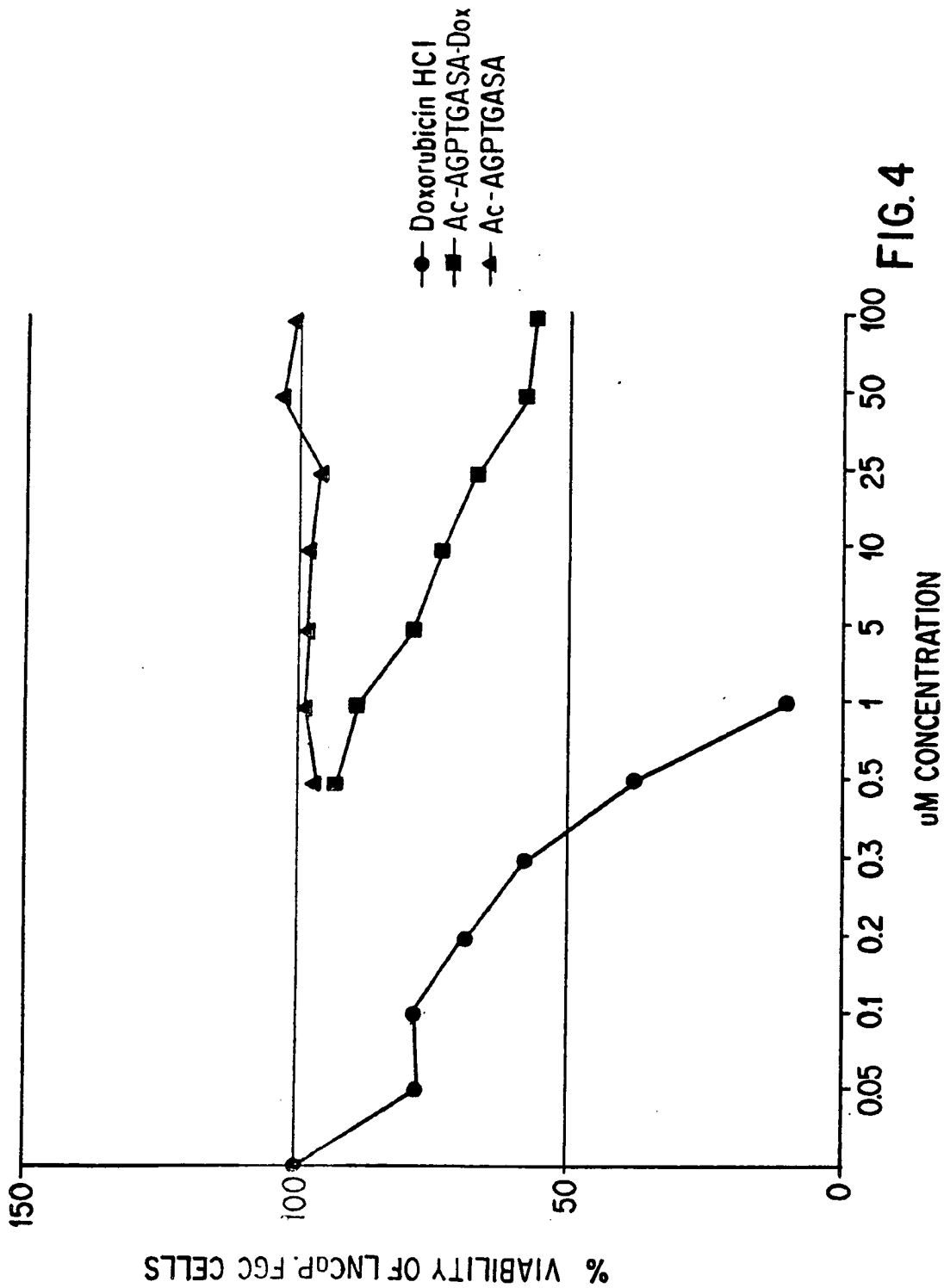


FIG. 4

DOXORUBICIN-CONGENER	SEQ. ID. NO	% PEPTIDE CLEAVED AT 4 HOURS BY YORK PSA
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSST-DOX (3')	117	20 (1 hr) NO SAMPLE LEFT
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-DOX (3')	70	87
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTL-DOX (3')	118	NA
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASL-DOX (3')	119	100 (3 hr)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	120	100 (3 hrs)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSL-DOX (3')	121	91
Ac-SYQ-SST(dL)-DOX (3')	122	17
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	107	95 (PARTIALLY SOLUBLE)
Ac-ANKASYA-SSSL-DOX (3')	123	0
Ac-KYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	124	98 (PARTIALLY SOLUBLE)
Ac-SYQ-SSKL-DOX (3')	125	88
Ac-SYQ-SSK(dL)-DOX (3')	126	87

FIG.5



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<u>DOXORUBICIN-CONGENER</u>	<u>SEQ. ID. NO</u>	<u>% PEPTIDE CLEAVED/</u>	<u>% PEPTIDE CLEAVED/</u>
		<u>LNCOP MEDIA 4 HR</u>	<u>DUPRO MEDIA 4 HR</u>
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASL-DOX (3')	119	92	13
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	121	98	13
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	122	95	27
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	107	63	0

FIG.6

<u>DOXORUBICIN-CONGENER</u>	<u>SEQ. ID. NO</u>	<u>LNCaP CELL KILL EC50 (<math>\mu</math>M)</u>
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSST-DOX (3')	117	> 100
Ac-ANKISYQ-SSSTL-DOX (3')	70	8.4
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASTL-DOX (3')	118	31
Ac-ANKASYQ-SASL-DOX (3')	119	16 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	120	15
Ac-ANKASYQ-SSL-DOX (3')	121	6.5 (DuPRO = 117)
Ac-SYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	107	20(DuPRO>100) (PARTIALLY SOLUBLE)
Ac-ANKASYA-SSSL-DOX (3')	123	> 100
Ac-KYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	124	6.5 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-SYQ-SSKL-DOX (3')	125	11.8 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-SYQ-SSK(dL)-DOX (3')	126	>100 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-hRYQ-SSSL-DOX (3')	145	6.4 (DuPRO > 100)
Ac-KYQ-SSS(NIe)-DOX (3')	146	4.4 (DuPRO > 100)

FIG.7

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US95/08156

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :A16K 38/00; C07K 1/00, 7/06 7/08, 7/10; C12Q 1/00, 1/37;

US CL :530/324,325326,327,328 ,402; 435/1+; 514/12,13,14,15,16,17

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 530/324,325326,32,328 ,402; 435/1+; 514/12,13,14,15,16,17

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched  
CAS, STN, APS

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	Journal of Biological Chemistry, Volume 264, No.3, issued 25 January 1989, Lilja et al, "Semenogelin, the Predominant Protein in Human Semen, pages 1894-1900.	1-7
X	Proceedings of the the National Academy of Sciences, Vol.89, issued May 1992, Lilja et al," Molecular cloning of epididymal and seminal vesicular transcripts encoding a semenogelin-related protein", pages 4559-4563.	1-7
Y	WO , A, 94/10343, (CROCE ET AL) 11 May 1994, see entire document.	8-11



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	*T	later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principles or theory underlying the invention
*A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	*X*	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
*E* earlier document published on or after the international filing date	*Y*	document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
*L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	*G*	document member of the same patent family
*O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		
*P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		

Date of the actual completion of the international search

05 OCTOBER 1995

Date of mailing of the international search report

01 NOV 1995

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US  
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**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT****International application No.**  
**PCT/US95/08156****C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

<b>Category*</b>	<b>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</b>	<b>Relevant to claim No.</b>
<b>Y</b>	<b>WO,A, 92/01936, (LILJA ET AL) 06 Febuary 1992, see entire document.</b>	<b>8-11</b>
<b>Y,P</b>	<b>US, A, 5,349,066, (KANEKO ET AL), 20 September 1994, see entire document.</b>	<b>12-20</b>
<b>Y,P</b>	<b>US, A, 5,391,723 (PRIEST) 21 February 1995, see entire document.</b>	<b>12-20</b>

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US95/08156

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

Please See Extra Sheet.

1. ☒ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest



The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.



No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US95/08156

### BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION WAS LACKING

This ISA found multiple inventions as follows:

Group I, claims 1-7, drawn to oligopeptides.

Group II, claims 8-11, drawn to assay.

Group III, claims 12-20, drawn to conjugate.

The inventions listed as Groups I, II, and III do not relate to a single inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: The invention of group I relates to oligopeptides while the invention of group II relates to an assay. The inventions of group I and group III do not share a special technical feature with group II, because group I and group III can be used in a different process, such as in a method of treating prostate cancer, instead of in an assay method. Additionally, group I does not share a common technical feature with the invention of group III because the two inventions differ structurally.